

Las Mercedes, El Reposo, Torola, Pantaleon, Paraiso, Mirandilla (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt, Janson*).—COLOMBIA²; VENEZUELA (*Brit. Mus.*).

2. *Actenodes fulginea*. (Tab. II. fig. 15.)

Statura et color fere *A. nobilis* (Linn.). Capite cupreo, vertice viridi; thorace nigro-purpureo, vittis tribus viridi-aureis et cupreis ornato; elytris purpureis, ad medium nigris, nitidis, macula basali vittaque apicali aureo-viridibus, fasciisque duabus bene dentatis aureo-viridibus intus cupreo marginatis, regione discoidali parcius subtilissime punctulata; abdomine aureo-viridi.

Long. $5\frac{1}{2}$ –9 lin.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*).

This species is extremely close to *A. nobilis* (L.), and has the markings precisely similar; but it differs in having the elytra more delicately and less closely punctured, especially in the discoidal area; this gives the elytra a more shining appearance than is the case in *A. nobilis*.

In describing this species one is met with this difficulty. Under the head of *A. nobilis* I find two species confounded: one has the elytra densely punctured and is somewhat dull. All the specimens with localities are from Cayenne.

The second is brighter in appearance, and has the punctuation of the elytra decidedly less close and more delicate. The specimens are from Ega, St. Paulo, Santarem, and Para.

I have presumed that the specimens from Cayenne are the true *A. nobilis* (L.). They are certainly the *A. nobilis* of Laporte and Gory.

The Amazonian specimens above alluded to average smaller than those from Nicaragua, are more uniform in colour, and have less coppery margining the bands on the elytra. These differences, however, are slight, and I think it better to consider them merely varieties of *A. fulginea*.

Care must be taken not to confound these species with *A. aurolineata*, which has precisely similar markings, but has more coarsely punctured elytra and a leaden-green abdomen.

3. *Actenodes regularis*.

Chrysobothris regularis, Lap. & Gory, Mon. ii. p. 32, t. 6. f. 46¹.

Hab. MEXICO¹, Orizaba (*Sallé*); HONDURAS.

In the British-Museum collection there is an example from Honduras which differs from the specimen from Mexico in being smaller (only 5 lines long) and more strongly sculptured on the elytra; the head is more closely punctured, and instead of being brownish bronze is green, with a coppery hue on the vertex, and with the longitudinal furrow much deeper and violet in colour; the apical spot on the elytra is at the apex instead of being just within it.