

4. *Actenodes bifasciata*. (Tab. II. fig. 16.)

Æneo-olivacea; thorace plus minusve purpureo tincto, sat crebre punctato, transversim aciculato, subtiliter punctulato, basi transversim leviter impressa; scutello cupreo; elytris macula basali, altera apicali, fascisque duabus undulatis aureo-viridibus; abdomine fusco-æneo.

Long. $6\frac{1}{2}$ – $7\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. MEXICO, Orizaba (*Sallé*).

This species somewhat resembles *A. regularis*, but is broader and less parallel, differently coloured, and the thorax broader at the posterior angles, &c. Head green above, dark violet in front, strongly punctured, with scarcely any trace of longitudinal impression. Thorax very transverse, broadest at the posterior angles, slightly narrowed anteriorly, finely but not very thickly punctured, with some transverse scratches on the disk, which change into closer and subconfluent rugulæ at the sides. The usual impression on the elytra at the base is very slight. The punctuation between the bands is fine, and the punctures are well separated from each other; immediately above the first band the sculpture is decidedly stronger. The bands on the two elytra are nearly parallel to each other and form two W's, one above the other, the space between them being nearly black, and the bands not bordered with coppery.

5. *Actenodes lævifrons*. (Tab. II. fig. 17.)

Supra purpurea, subtus viridis; capite læte viridi, fere lævi, vertice fovea profunde impressa; thorace subtiliter sat crebre punctulato, ante basin transverse leviter impresso, basi ipsa et elevata et viridi ornata, margine antico angustissime viridi, angulis posticis extrorsum productis, acutis; elytris sat crebre subtiliter punctatis, macula basali, fasciis duabus undatis vittaque apicali viridibus; abdominis lateribus obscurioribus.

Long. $6\frac{1}{2}$ – $7\frac{1}{4}$ lin.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Janson*).

This species is allied to *A. rugulosa*, and should occupy a position between that and *A. hopfneri*, Gory. The head is closely and finely punctured above between the eyes, flattened in front, smooth and shining, with a few punctures placed very irregularly; there is a fine median impressed punctured line, surmounted by a deep fovea. The thorax is extremely delicately punctured, and is remarkable for the acute prominent posterior angles. The elytra have a little green colour near the scutellum and along the suture at the base: the first band consists of a crescent on each elytron; the second band is more angular and forms a very wide W; both bands are very narrowly margined with coppery. The abdomen is golden green, more æneous at the apex, with the sides tinted with purple or bluish.

6. *Actenodes hopfneri*.

Chrysobothris hopfneri, Gory, Mon. Suppl. p. 170, t. 29. f. 165¹.

Hab. MEXICO¹, Orizaba (*Sallé*); GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

The specimen from Guatemala differs from the Mexican examples in having the