

America, three from South America, one from Japan, and seven from S. Africa. Two are now added from Mexico. As in *Callirrhapis*, &c., the females are very dissimilar to the males, and have in several cases been described under different names.

1. **Sandalus nietoi.** (Tab. XXIV. figg. 28, ♀; 28 a, antenna, ♀; 29, ♂.)

*Sandalus nietoi*, Sallé, in litt.

♂. Moderately elongate, very broad and robust, opaque; head black, ferrugineo-testaceous in front and behind; the prothorax ferrugineo-testaceous, usually with a black mark on either side of the disc at the base, the two marks sometimes connected along the basal margin; the scutellum black; the elytra black, with the base, the suture for some distance below the scutellum, and the sides narrowly to about the middle, ferrugineo-testaceous; the under surface varying in colour from almost entirely ferrugineo-testaceous to black; the antennæ black, the rami sometimes ferruginous; the apices of the femora, the tibiæ, and tarsi black, the rest of the femora ferrugineo-testaceous; above and beneath thickly clothed with velvety pubescence, which is fuscous on the dark portions of the elytra and fulvous or golden elsewhere. Head very densely, minutely punctate, grooved in front, and longitudinally carinate in the centre between the eyes, the sides of the front strongly raised above the points of insertion of the antennæ, the eyes moderately prominent; antennæ with joints 2-11 very short, 3-11 each with a very long flattened ramus, together forming an elongate, compact, lamellate club. Prothorax convex, transverse, rapidly, arcuately narrowing from a little before the base, the latter trisinate; the surface densely, minutely punctate, with scattered intermixed coarse punctures, canaliculate, and very deeply transversely excavate in the middle just behind the anterior margin, and also with a transverse depression on either side of the median lobe at the base. Scutellum densely, minutely punctate. Elytra considerably wider than the prothorax, moderately long, gradually widening to beyond the middle, and conjointly rounded behind; each with four faint raised lines or costæ, the first abbreviated behind, the suture also raised, the rest of the surface closely, coarsely, subseriate-punctate, with the interspaces shagreened. Beneath densely, very finely punctate. Legs very stout, the tibiæ dilated externally at the apex, the tarsal joints 2-4 very deeply emarginate, the lamellæ long.

♀. Larger and more elongate, less opaque, more sparsely pubescent, the larger punctures on the prothorax and the elytral punctuation coarser; the pubescence above and beneath paler, in great part yellowish-cinereous; the black marks on the prothorax more extended and connected behind; the elytra with the suture and sides ferrugineo-testaceous to the tip, or to near the tip; the antennæ with joints 3-7 very acutely serrate, 8-10 wider and pectinate, 11 flattened and somewhat oval.

Length  $12\frac{1}{2}$ - $20\frac{1}{2}$ , breadth  $5\frac{7}{8}$ - $9\frac{1}{2}$  millim.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Orizaba (*Sallé*), Jalapa and Misantla (*Höge*).

Eleven males and three females, all from the State of Vera Cruz. This conspicuous species somewhat resembles the Brazilian *Rhipidocera marginata*, Kirby. In the female joints 3-7 of the antennæ gradually become more acutely serrate, 8-10 being still more produced on the inner side, the last four joints forming a sort of club. A female from Jalapa and a male from Orizaba are figured.

2. **Sandalus conicicollis.** (Tab. XXIV. fig. 30, ♀.)

♂. Moderately elongate, broad, robust, rather dull; the head and mandibles black, the antennæ (the basal joint excepted) and prothorax obscure rufous, the elytra brown, the scutellum, legs, and under surface black; thickly pubescent, the pubescence fulvous above and fulvo-cinereous beneath. Head very densely, minutely punctate, the mandibles also thickly punctured, except at the tip, the eyes not very prominent; antennæ with joints 2-11 very short, 3-11 each with a very long flattened ramus, together forming an elongate, compact, lamellate club. Prothorax convex, conical, much broader than long; densely, minutely