

affinities were noticed by Chapuis*. In addition to *O. grayi*, Clark, from Brazil, and *O. chevrolati*, Clark (= *troberti*, Guér., nec Horn), from Mexico and Guatemala, and the various species here described, the genus includes *Scyrtes complanatus*, Guér., from Brazil, and probably the Cuban *Scirtes sexlineatus* and *S. interruptus*, Chevr., the eastern *S. pictus* (Fabr.), and others. In several of the Central-American species the elytra have intermixed coarser punctures, these bearing longer hairs than the fine punctures. The male of *O. discoidea*, and probably that of the other species also, has the fifth ventral segment emarginate at the apex. These insects, like many *Scirtes*, appear to live upon various species of *Salix*.

- Form oblong, rather depressed; elytra strongly explanate at the sides, uniformly punctured, with interrupted, partly confluent, light and dark stripes; body apparently glabrous above: length 6 millim. *troberti*.
- Form broad-oval, depressed; elytra more or less explanate at the sides, with intermixed coarser punctures and (except in pale varieties) distinct markings; body pubescent, the elytra with intermixed slightly longer hairs.
- Elytra pale testaceous, with a rather narrow oblique black or piceous stripe on the disc, strongly explanate at the sides, the surface densely, minutely punctate, with distinct intermixed coarser punctures: length $4-4\frac{3}{4}$ millim. *obliqua*.
- Elytra pale testaceous, with a very broad black or piceous stripe on the disc, moderately explanate at the sides, the surface more strongly punctate, with indistinct intermixed coarser punctures: length $4\frac{1}{4}-5$ millim. *discoidea*.
- Elytra pale testaceous, with numerous irregular partly coalescent spots, moderately explanate at the sides, the punctuation as in *O. obliqua*: length $4-4\frac{1}{2}$ millim. *marmorata*.
- Elytra pitchy-black, with irregular flavous spots along the sides, base, and suture: length 3 millim. *mixta*.
- Form oval, rather convex; elytra moderately explanate at the sides, immaculate, the punctuation uniform: length 4 millim. *nigricornis*.

1. *Ora troberti*. (Tab. XXVI. figg. 24; 24 a, hind coxæ.)

Scyrtes trobertii, Guér. Rev. et Mag. Zool. 1861, p. 545 (nec Horn)¹.

Ora chevrolatii, Clark, Journ. Ent. ii. p. 385 (1865)².

Hab. MEXICO^{1 2}; GUATEMALA, Panzos (*Champion*).

Our two examples from Panzos agree very nearly with Clark's type in the British Museum, and also with Guérin's description, except that they have the longitudinal streaks on the elytra more interrupted. In the Panzos specimens the elytra are brownish-black (instead of brown or reddish-brown), with the suture, base, and sides, three or four partly coalescent elongate streaks below the base (the second extending forwards), an angulated postmedian fascia, and a similar ante-apical fascia (both appearing as if formed by short coalescent streaks), yellow. They have the antennæ black, with

* Gen. Col. xi. p. 144, nota.