

surface thickly clothed with very fine, pallid, sericeous pubescence, the elytra also with scattered intermixed longer hairs. Head very minutely punctate; antennæ as in *O. obliqua*; prothorax short, rapidly narrowing from the base, explanate and acutely margined at the sides, minutely punctulate; scutellum punctured like the prothorax; elytra explanate and acutely margined at the sides, densely, very finely punctate, with intermixed slightly coarser punctures, and indications of an impressed line near the suture.

♂. Fifth ventral segment arcuate-emarginate at the apex.

Var. α . The discoidal vitta of the elytra obliterated or reduced to a narrow streak, the elytra sometimes with irregularly scattered brownish spots.

Var. β . Above and beneath, the legs, and antennæ testaceous, the head, prothorax, scutellum, and posterior knees brown or reddish-brown; the elytra as in α .

Length $4\frac{1}{4}$ –5, breadth $2\frac{2}{3}$ – $3\frac{1}{4}$ millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Cordova, Vera Cruz (*Sallé*), Jalapa (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, near the city (*Salvin*), Dueñas (*Champion*); HONDURAS (*Mus. Brit.*).

Found in abundance in all its varieties upon a species of *Salix* at Dueñas; also not uncommonly at Jalapa. In many of the pallid examples the elytra are spotted with brown, this being due to the irregular distribution of the darker pigment. *O. discoidea* is closely allied to *O. obliqua*, but differs from it in having the elytra a little less explanate at the sides (the general shape being rather more elliptic), and not so minutely punctured, with the intermixed coarser punctures not very distinct. In *O. obliqua* the elytral punctuation is very minute, and the intermixed coarser punctures quite distinct. A specimen from Dueñas is figured.

4. *Ora marmorata*.

Broad-oval, depressed, shining; pale testaceous, the prothorax with indistinct brownish markings, the elytra with numerous irregular brown spots which are here and there coalescent, the posterior femora suffused with reddish-brown at the apex; the upper surface thickly clothed with fine pallid pubescence, the elytra also with intermixed longer hairs. Head, prothorax, and scutellum closely, very minutely punctate; antennæ moderately long and slender, joints 2 and 3 short, equal in length, 4–11 elongate; prothorax short, rapidly narrowing from the base, explanate and acutely margined at the sides; elytra acutely margined and slightly explanate at the sides, closely, very minutely punctate, with intermixed slightly coarser punctures, and indications of an impressed line near the suture.

Var. The elytral markings obliterated.

Length 4– $4\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $2\frac{1}{2}$ –3 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui, David (*Champion*).

Two examples, both somewhat immature. Very near *O. obliqua*, but differing from it in the less explanate margins of the elytra, as well as in colour. The punctuation of the elytra is equally minute. From *O. discoidea* it may be separated by the distinctly more finely punctured elytra. The elytral markings in the typical form somewhat resemble those of certain varieties of *O. discoidea*, but the spots are much more numerous and partly coalescent.

5. *Ora mixta*. (Tab. XXVI. fig. 27.)

Broad-oval, short, depressed, rather shining; black or pitchy-black, the sides of the head in front and the anterior and lateral margins of the prothorax obscure testaceous; the elytra with an oblong humeral