

- b*<sup>5</sup>. Pubescence shorter and finer; elytral punctuation finer.
- a*<sup>6</sup>. Elytral punctuation moderately close and fine.
- a*<sup>7</sup>. Prothorax somewhat rounded at the sides; body obscure testaceous, the prothorax yellowish, the elytra with the base narrowly infusate: length 4 millim. . . . . *ellipticus*.
- b*<sup>7</sup>. Prothorax narrowing from the base; body brown, the head and prothorax paler: length  $2\frac{1}{4}$ –3 millim. . . . . *pulicarius*.
- b*<sup>8</sup>. Elytral punctuation dense and minute; body brown, the head and prothorax paler: length  $3\frac{1}{4}$  millim. . . . . *tenuicornis*.
- b*<sup>4</sup>. Third antennal joint exceedingly short, very much shorter than the second; body black, sparsely and very finely pubescent; antennæ pale: length 3 millim. . . . . *ater*.
- f*<sup>'''</sup>. Antennæ rather stout, about as long as the body, the third joint minute; body nigro-piceous, finely pubescent; eyes prominent: length  $2\frac{1}{4}$ –3 millim. . . . . *longicornis*.
- g*<sup>'''</sup>. Antennæ rather stout, elongate, piceous, the three basal joints pale, the third very small; body black, the prothorax reddish-yellow, the elytra sometimes with a common yellowish median spot: length  $2\frac{1}{2}$ – $2\frac{4}{5}$  millim. . . . . *collaris*.
- h*<sup>'''</sup>. Antennæ rather stout, moderately long, testaceous (the tip sometimes infusate), the third joint longer; body varying in colour from black to testaceous, the elytra with an oblong common yellowish median spot (rarely obliterated), the prothorax sometimes entirely reddish-yellow: length  $2\frac{1}{2}$ –3 millim. . . . . *suborbiculatus*.
- c*<sup>''</sup>. Form regularly oval, convex.
- i*<sup>'''</sup>. Prothorax acutely margined at the sides; antennæ slender; body black: length about 3 millim. . . . . *saltator*.
- j*<sup>'''</sup>. Prothorax very feebly margined at the sides; antennæ stouter; body brownish, the head and prothorax partly reddish-yellow, the elytra with the base and apex and a lateral patch black: length  $2\frac{2}{3}$  millim. . . . . *quadrinotatus*.
- d*<sup>''</sup>. Form oblong-oval, convex; antennæ long and slender; elytra nigro-piceous, the head and prothorax black, the sides of the latter rufescent: length  $3\frac{1}{8}$ – $3\frac{2}{3}$  millim. . . . . *longulus*.
- e*<sup>''</sup>. Form oblong, subparallel, depressed; antennæ long and very slender; body rufo- or fusco-testaceous: length  $2\frac{3}{4}$ –3 millim. . . . . *angustatus*.
- f*<sup>''</sup>. Form short-elliptic: length 2– $2\frac{1}{2}$  millim.
- k*<sup>'''</sup>. Prothorax densely, distinctly punctate; antennæ exceedingly slender; body testaceous . . . . . *puncticollis*.
- l*<sup>'''</sup>. Prothorax more sparsely and more minutely punctate; antennæ less slender; body obscure testaceous or fuscous.
- c*<sup>4</sup>. Elytral punctuation minute . . . . . *salicis*.
- d*<sup>4</sup>. Elytral punctuation coarser; form more rounded . . . . . *scymnoides*.

*planicornis* Champ. San Jeronimo, Baja Vera Paz, Guatemala & Tr. S. S. London, 1913, p. 670  
*championi* Picado, Costa Rica (1913?)