

Sixteen specimens, all but one from the Atlantic slope. This little species is allied to *P. ebenina*, but it is larger and broader, and reddish-brown or rufo-testaceous in colour; the upper surface is more closely punctured, and somewhat thickly clothed with short pruinose pubescence; and the antennæ are testaceous, with from two to five of the intermediate joints more or less infusate in both sexes. One of the specimens in the Sallé collection is labelled with the MS. name *Ptilodactyla convexicollis*, Chevr. The single example, a large female, from Cerro Zunil has the antennæ entirely testaceous.

### 9. *Ptilodactyla cucullata*.

♀. Elliptic, short, convex, shining, clothed with short fine brownish-cinereous pubescence; black, the antennæ black or brown, the legs piceous with the tarsi testaceous, or entirely testaceous; the upper surface very finely, somewhat thickly punctate, the under surface more coarsely punctured. Head broad, the eyes rather small; antennæ reaching to a little beyond the middle of the elytra, rather slender, the joints from the fourth serrate. Prothorax short, broad, transversely convex in front, acutely margined at the sides and apex, abruptly compressed at the sides anteriorly, widest before the base, the sides rounded and somewhat explanate, converging in front, the hind angles acute; the base trisinate, feebly denticulate, and with a short projecting tooth in the centre. Scutellum with a deep notch in the centre in front, and usually with a narrow shallow median sulcus. Elytra short, at the base not wider than the base of the prothorax, broadly and acutely margined at the sides, compressed laterally below the humeri, subparallel to about the middle, and a little produced at the apex, with a short, very deeply impressed, sutural stria at the base.

Length  $3-3\frac{1}{3}$ , breadth  $1\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{3}{4}$  millim.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Teapa in Tabasco (*Sallé, H. H. Smith*); BRITISH HONDURAS, Belize (*Blancaneaux*); GUATEMALA, Zapote (*Champion*); HONDURAS (*Sallé*).

Five specimens, all females. This species approaches *P. convexicollis*; but differs from it, apart from its smaller size and black colour, in having the thorax more acutely margined at the apex and strongly compressed at the sides anteriorly, the scutellum with the median sulcus shallow or obsolete, &c. The more pubescent body, the prominent anterior margin of the thorax, the rugulose and less deeply notched scutellum, the deeply impressed short sutural stria, &c., distinguish it from *P. ebenina*, which it resembles in size and colour. The specimen in the Sallé collection is labelled with the MS. name *Ptilodactyla cucullata*, Chevr.

### 10. *Ptilodactyla canaliculata*.

Oblong-elliptic (♂), oblong-oboval (♀), narrow, flattened above, moderately shining, thickly clothed with short fine pallid pubescence; rufo-piceous, the base and suture of the elytra more or less ferruginous, the eyes black, the antennæ, palpi, and legs testaceous. Head densely punctured, the eyes large and prominent in the male, smaller in the female; antennæ long and rather slender, the joints 4-10 each with a short ramus in the male and serrate in the female. Prothorax short, transversely convex in front, acutely margined and rounded at the sides, widest before the base and narrowed anteriorly, the hind angles acute; the base trisinate, feebly denticulate, and with a short projecting tooth in the centre; the surface closely and rather coarsely granulate-punctate in the male, the punctuation more diffuse in the female. Scutellum rugulose, deeply notched in the centre in front, and with a well-defined median sulcus extending thence to the apex. Elytra moderately long and considerably wider than the prothorax in the female, shorter and narrower in the male, depressed on the disc below the base, acutely margined at the sides, the humeri