

pale vitta. I have seen, however, specimens of an insect I cannot distinguish from this one which were labelled "Brazil" and "Buenos Ayres."

The upperside is entirely of an ochreous yellow; the prothorax has a very faint carina, and is scarcely at all transparent in front. The palpi are fuscous; the eyes of course black, being with the antennæ almost the only dark parts; and, owing to its entirely yellow colour, the luminous portions are not clearly distinguishable.

2. *Cratomorphus dorsalis*.

Cratomorphus dorsalis, Gyll. in Schönh. Syn. Ins. iii. App. p. 24?; Gorh. Trans. Ent. Soc. 1880, p. 36. Nec *Cratomorphus dorsalis*, Mots. Etud. Ent. ii. p. 34.

Oblongo-ovatus; fuscus, prothoracis disco basi piceo, lineolis duabus rufis; antennis, palpis, tibiis, tarsis, abdominis segmentibus quatuor primis macula utrinque piceis; elytris costatis, ad margines dilutioribus. Long. 22 millim. ♂.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Janson*).—ANTILLES.

The thorax is not so much narrowed towards the front as in *C. fuscipennis*, so that the hind angles are more nearly right angles; and there are two lunate clear patches in the valley of the reflexed front margin. The central carina is very fine indeed, almost obsolete. The underside is variegated with fuscous and yellow, the pitchy spots on the abdominal plates being conspicuous. I have a female without locality which I refer to this species, the underside of which is nearly wholly fuscous, with the exception of the fifth and sixth segments. The apical ventral and dorsal plates are nearly similar in form, not truncate, the ventral one notched in the female.

3. *Cratomorphus picipennis*. (Tab. IV. fig. 7.)

Breviter oblongus, nigro-fuscus vel piceus; prothorace pallido, antice diaphano, medio subcarinato, pedibus basi dilutioribus. Long. 13–16 millim. ♀.

Mas latet.

Femina abdominis segmentis quinto et sexto (marginibus exceptis) albis, diaphanis, apicali triangulari, apice fisso, pygidio apice rotundato integro.

Hab. MEXICO, Cordova (*Sallé*), GUATEMALA, San Juan (*Champion*).

The figure represents the specimen from San Juan.

Head, with the antennæ and palpi, pitchy, mouth paler; prothorax pale yellowish white. In the smaller of the two specimens before me the disk is pitchy near the base; the depressed portion immediately before the front margin is transparent, so that the antennæ can be seen through from above; the carina divides this clear portion into two lunate spots. The length of the thorax is about equal to the width at the base; the hinder angles are right angles, but the corners are rounded off. The scutellum is pale. The elytra in the larger specimen, which is from San Juan, are pitchy, paler towards the apical half of the margin; in the smaller specimen they are dark fuscous, narrowly margined with pale yellow, as well as the suture.