

**Discodon marginatum** (p. 80).

To the localities given, add :—MEXICO, Jalapa, Playa Vicente (*Höge*).

The Mexican specimens show more variation than those from Guatemala, the thorax in most of these being entirely yellow, but in one there is a black spot; the head is also variable, being black at the base in some, quite yellow in others; all are smaller and have less infusate elytra, yet I should not think there is specific distinction here.

**Discodon vitticolle** (p. 81).

To the localities given, add :—PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui 2000 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).

*Var.?* Elytris nigris, callo humerali flavo, pedibus nigris.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Parras, Monclova, and Saltillo in Coahuila (*Dr. Palmer*).

**7 (A). Discodon tenue.**

Nigro-piceum, parallelum, subnitidum; ore, antennarum basi, prothoracis limbo, pedibusque basi flavis albescentibus. Long.  $5\frac{1}{2}$ –6 millim. ♂ ♀.

*Mas.* Prothoracis lateribus infra medium constrictis, disco utrinque bifoveolato, lævi; unguiculis intermediis et posticis externis fissis.

*Femina.* Prothoracis lateribus trisinuatis, angulis posticis acutis paullo productis.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Quiche Mountains 8000 to 9000 feet (*Champion*).

This little species is, in the mode of the constriction of the thorax in the male, allied to *Discodon carbonarium*, and, though smaller, reminds one very much of that species in its general form. The head, however, is less contracted behind in the male; the hind angles of the thorax in the female are more acute and prominent, and the margin immediately above them is deeply sinuate. The mouth and front of the head is whitish; the sides and basal margin of the thorax are white, the front margin very narrowly so, but it is only the reflexed edge that is pale. The coxæ, trochanters, and bases of the femora are pale whitish yellow; the margin of the first four segments of the abdomen, and the two apical and pygidial plates, are pale yellow.

**7 (B). Discodon cinereum.**

Atrum, subopacum; prothoracis limbo laterali tenuiter flavo. Long. 6–7 millim. ♂ ♀.

*Mas.* Prothoracis lateribus infra medium sinuatis, subconstrictis, margine supra medium dentiformi, incrassato; unguiculis intermediis et posticis externis fissis.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Calderas, Quiche Mountains (*Champion*), Volcan de Fuego (*Salvin*).

Very much like the preceding species at first sight, but wider; the body beneath, the head, and legs entirely deep black; the antennæ with their joints wider and compressed; the thorax differently notched in the male, its sides rufous; the elytra more rugose, with faint indications of striæ, and of a slight ashy grey tint, from the fine pubescence with which they are clothed (in many examples, however, this is not