

yellow at their bases; this latter character seems usual in the males, in which sex the legs are also longer. It will be observed that I have noticed among the characters of the males of this species the impressed bright line which is present in the concave surface of the widened joints of the antennæ. This character, although I had not noticed it before, is common to other species, as *S. varians*, *S. lycoides*, &c.; and on examination I find it is faintly present in some species of *Discodon*, as *D. nigripes* and *D. flavicolle*, and it is known to occur in some European *Telephori*.

## 2 (D). *Silis combusta*.

*Silidi varianti* iterum persimilis, nigro-fusca, parum nitida; capite (macula occipitali excepta), prothorace (linea mediana nigra), elytrorum dimidio basali, coxis et trochanteribus, femoribus interdum ex parte, ferrugineis; elytris subparallelis, costatis. Long. 7-7½ millim. ♂ ♀.

*Var. α.* Elytris totis ochraceis.

*Var. β.* Elytris nigro-fuscis, plaga humerali tantum rufa.

*Mas.* Prothorace oblongo, antice rotundato, lateribus prope medium, sat profunde, obliquiter incisus; unguiculis anticis externis basi lamello dentiformi; antennis magis elongatis.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Telemán in the Polochic valley (*Champion*).

This species was confounded by me, before I had seen the males, with the type of *Silis varians*, and it precisely resembles that species, and the varieties probably correspond. It may easily be distinguished in the male sex by the oblique constriction of the thorax, which is like that of many species of *Discodon*; the tooth or rather lamella of the front claws is, however, like that of the first section of *Silis* in this work. The antennæ of the male are longer, and their third to eighth joints are not expanded as they are in those of *S. varians*; they are however marked with impressed lines, as in that species, but not so distinctly, and the length of the intermediate joints is fully twice their width. With regard to the females, the antennæ are more expanded and shorter than in the males, but their thorax is more shining than in what I take to be the females of *S. varians*; the hind angles have a slightly emarginate notch parallel to the sides.

All the specimens from Telemán referred to under *S. varians* should be assigned to this species. I have not at present seen it from any other locality.

## *Silis nigrita* (p. 93).

To the localities given, add:—GUATEMALA, Zapote, San Isidro, Las Mercedes, Sinanja valley (*Champion*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

The locality "Quiche Mountains" should be erased, the specimen from thence pertaining to *S. sepulchralis*.

## 4 (A). *Silis ocularis*.

Nigra, nitidula; ore, antennarum basi, prothorace pedibusque rufis. Long. 4 millim. ♂.

*Mas.* Oculis subglobosis, prominentibus; prothoracis margine laterali in medio hamato, juxta angulum posticum bilobato.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Paraiso, El Reposo (*Champion*).