

Belotus maculatus (pp. 99, 100).

To the localities given, add:—PANAMA, La Caldera in Chiriqui, David, Bugaba, Tolé, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).

This species was met with abundantly by Mr. Champion, especially at La Caldera, by beating various fruit- and other trees, principally in the open savanna region of the low country; many examples were found upon the mango, calabash (*Crescentia*), and other trees cultivated by the natives in the vicinity of the settlements.

4. **Belotus** —?

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge, Flohr*).

A single specimen from Herr Höge's collection, and one sent me by Mr. Flohr, of a fuscous-brown insect, 7 millimetres in length, and with very long filiform antennæ; the head and thorax smooth and shining, the elytra about half as long as the body. In the absence of more specimens, the determination of the genus is doubtful.

MARONIUS (p. 100).

Maronius dichrous (p. 100).

Var. Prothoracis disco (angulis posticis exceptis) nigro. (Tab. XII. fig. 17.)

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

A rare species. A few examples only were captured, sitting on leaves in the virgin forest of the "tierra caliente."

THINALMUS (p. 101).

Thinalmus pectinicornis (p. 101).

To the localities given, add:—PANAMA, Taboga Island (*Champion*).

Thinalmus centrolineatus (p. 101).

About two dozen specimens of this species have been collected by Mr. Champion, at elevations of from 2000 to 4000 feet, on the Volcan de Chiriqui; these are for the most part males. In the few females which were sent the antennæ are acutely serrate, and the scutellum yellow.

MALTHINUS (p. 102).

Malthinus terminalis (p. 103).

A good many examples were captured at Bugaba. Of these the greater part have the thorax entirely pitchy black, the central channel terminating at the base in a deep groove, open behind, and only the terminal joint of the antennæ obscurely yellow.