

finely and sparingly punctured, the punctures more numerous and distinct towards the suture at the base; legs and antennæ reddish brown.

Length $5\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, La Caldera in Chiriqui (*Champion*).

One example. Of the convex form of the *E. foveicollis* group, but with the thoracic foveæ obsolete, and represented by short, oblique, shallow impressions; it is nearest allied to *E. confusus*.

16. *Emmenastus guatemalensis*.

Winged, oblong ovate, very convex, dark reddish brown or black, shining. Head coarsely and closely punctured; prothorax transverse, convex, widest at the base, the sides rounded and narrowed in front to the obtuse anterior angles, the hind angles rectangular, coarsely closely and regularly punctured, the punctures but little finer towards the middle and scarcely confluent at the sides, base bisinuate; elytra with regular rows of coarse punctures distinct to the apex, the interstices somewhat coarsely punctured; antennæ and legs dark reddish brown; mandibles toothed above; intercoxal process slightly rounded in front.

Length 5-6 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Zapote, San Gerónimo, Capetillo, Dueñas (*Champion*), Izabal (*Sallé*).

Resembling somewhat in its convex form *E. foveicollis* and allies, but without the deep thoracic foveæ.

17. *Emmenastus foveicollis*. (Tab. I. fig. 11.)

Winged, oblong ovate, very convex, dark reddish brown or black, shining. Head coarsely but not very closely punctured; prothorax very convex, transverse, strongly rounded at the sides, a little narrowed behind to the acute hind angles, narrowed in front to the rather obtuse anterior angles, base bisinuate and the margin raised and with a deep triangular fovea on each side about the middle, the foveæ sharply and abruptly defined outwardly, more or less connected inwardly by a central transverse basal impression, closely coarsely and unequally punctured, the punctures somewhat confluent at the sides, scattered on the disc, the central part of the base between the foveæ very sparingly punctured and almost smooth; elytra about the width of the thorax at the base, rounded somewhat at the sides, very convex, with rows of coarse punctures distinct to the apex, interstices finely and confusedly punctured; legs and antennæ red; intercoxal process pointed in front; mandibles toothed above.

Length $5\frac{1}{2}$ - $6\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, near the city, Aceytuno (*Salvin*), Panajachel, Dueñas, San Gerónimo, Capetillo (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Granada (*Sallé*); COSTA RICA, Irazu (*Rogers*).

Of a different facies from the preceding species, from all of which it may be at once known by its convex form and deep thoracic foveæ. The single example from Nicaragua differs a little from the numerous individuals from Guatemala in having the thorax a little smoother and longer, the elytra a little broader and a little more rounded at the sides, and the interstices more finely punctured. The specimen from Costa Rica is more typical, but with the rows of elytral punctures coarser. This species is rather