

punctured, a little more coarsely and more sparingly on the disc, especially at the base; elytra wider than the thorax at the base, the sides rather straight and very little rounded, with regular rows of coarse punctures distinct to the apex, the interstices each with a row of very fine punctures, the base and suture with some scattered fine punctures.

Length $8\frac{1}{2}$ – $9\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui, Tolé, San Feliz, Peña blanca, David, Bugaba, La Caldera, San Lorenzo, Taboga Island (*Champion*).

This is not very closely allied to any of the species of *Schœnicus* here recorded. Larger and broader than *S. oculatus*; the head and thorax of a different shape; the eyes smoother, less prominent, and less rounded, though a little more prominent and more coarsely granulated than in the other species of the genus. It appears to be widely distributed in the State of Panama, and occurring also in Costa Rica.

3. *Schœnicus salvini*.

Schœnicus salvini, F. Bates in litt.

Oblong ovate, convex, brassy æneous. Head very closely and somewhat coarsely punctured; prothorax a little broader than long, widest at the base, sides rounded and narrowed from the base forwards, anterior angles obtuse not produced, hind angles rectangular slightly acute, anterior margin nearly straight, the base strongly bisinuate, very closely evenly and coarsely punctured; elytra broader than the thorax at the base, the sides rounded, with indistinct rows of coarsish punctures, the interstices confusedly closely and not very finely punctured, the punctures nearly as coarse as those of the striae, towards the sides and at the apex with fine irregular transverse wrinkles.

Length 9– $10\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Chinautla, Dueñas (*Salvin*), Capetillo, Dueñas, San Gerónimo (*Champion*); COSTA RICA (*coll. F. Bates*).

This species may be known by its brassy colour and the confused punctuation of the elytra.

4. *Schœnicus viridis*.

Oblong ovate, convex, rather dull, greenish or dark bronze, somewhat variable in colour. Head closely and rather coarsely punctured, epistoma a little produced triangularly and deflexed in front; prothorax about as long as broad, convex, the sides straight at the base and narrowed and rounded in front, broadest behind, anterior angles obtuse, hind angles rectangular, the base strongly bisinuate, closely evenly and rather coarsely punctured, sometimes with a smooth indistinct central line; elytra wider than the thorax, with irregular rows of coarsish punctures, the interstices each with one or two rows of finer punctures, the base and suture more finely and not so regularly punctured, finely wrinkled transversely at the sides.

Length 9–11 millim.

Hab. MEXICO (*coll. F. Bates*), Yolos, Oaxaca (*Sallé*), Esperanza, Oaxaca (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Tocoï (*Champion*).

Pretty common in Mexico and in most collections.

5. *Schœnicus rufipes*.

Epitragus rufipes, Haag in litt.

Oblong ovate, convex, dark æneous, sometimes with a greenish tinge, when fresh covered with ashy efflorescence.