

### 26. *Statira sobrina*.

Elongate, narrow, rather convex, moderately shining, fusco-testaceous, the head and the basal and apical margins of the prothorax reddish-testaceous. Head broad, with exceedingly minute scattered punctures (only visible under a strong lens), the eyes moderately large; antennæ (♂) reddish-testaceous, long, moderately slender, the apical joint about as long as joints 5-7 united; prothorax subcylindrical, about as broad as long, the sides obsoletely margined at the base and apex, moderately rounded anteriorly, and strongly constricted behind, the hind angles acute and very prominent, the basal margin raised, the surface sparsely and very minutely punctured; elytra with rather deep intrahumeral depression, long, subparallel in their basal half, very finely punctate-striate, the striae becoming deeper towards the apex, the interstices flat, feebly convex towards the apex, the third with about eight (two or three towards the base and the rest between the middle and apex), the fifth with one or two (near the apex), the seventh with one (at the shoulder), and the ninth with two (at the apex), fine setiferous punctures, the apices obtuse; beneath reddish-castaneous; legs rather long, moderately slender, reddish-testaceous, the femora smooth and glabrous.

Length 7 millim.; breadth 2 millim. (♂.)

*Hab.* MEXICO (*coll. F. Bates*).

A single male example only of this inconspicuous species, without more definite locality, is contained in Mr. F. Bates's collection. *S. sobrina* is chiefly characterized by its narrow elongate shape, fusco-testaceous colour, very minutely punctured head and thorax, and reddish-testaceous limbs; the third elytral interstice has about eight setiferous impressions (scattered between the base and apex), and the fifth and ninth have each one or two near the apex. *S. sobrina* closely resembles *S. irazuensis*, but differs in its much broader head, stouter antennæ and legs, and distinctly (but very finely) punctured thorax, and in the elytral interstices being rather convex towards the apex, the third having more numerous setiferous impressions. From pallid forms of *S. limbata* and *S. vilis* its more parallel shape and other characters sufficiently distinguish it.

### 27. *Statira irazuensis*.

Elongate, subopaque, obscure testaceous. Head narrow, almost smooth, the eyes small; antennæ testaceous, slender, the apical joint (♀) a little longer than joints 9 and 10 united; prothorax narrow, convex, the sides finely margined at the base and apex, much rounded about the middle, slightly oblique in front, and strongly constricted behind, the anterior angles a little prominent, the hind angles acute, the basal margin moderately raised and at the sides grooved within, the surface almost smooth; elytra with shallow intrahumeral depression, long, subparallel, finely punctate-striate, the striae becoming shallower towards the apex, the interstices flat throughout, the third and ninth each with two or three fine setiferous punctures near the apex, the apices obtuse; legs testaceous, slender.

Length 8 millim.; breadth 2 millim. (♀.)

*Hab.* COSTA RICA, Volcan de Irazu 6000 feet (*Rogers*).

A single female example only. *S. irazuensis* resembles the pallid unicolorous form of *S. limbata*; it differs from it, however, in its proportionately narrower head and thorax (the latter with less rounded anterior angles), more slender antennæ, and more parallel and longer elytra, the latter only having two or three setiferous impressions on the third and ninth interstices.