

in the male fully or nearly equalling five, in the female about three, of the preceding joints united; prothorax about as broad as long (sometimes broader), the sides margined from the base to the apex, a little rounded before the middle, oblique in front, and strongly constricted behind, the anterior angles prominent, the hind angles acute, the basal margin moderately raised, and at the sides grooved within, the disc shallowly impressed in the middle before the base, the surface closely and minutely (sometimes more coarsely, sometimes still more finely) punctured; elytra with deep intrahumeral depression, moderately long, sometimes feebly transversely impressed below the base, very finely punctate-striate, the punctures quite shallow and approximate, the interstices feebly convex (flatter on the basal part of the disc), the first with from four to seven (near the apex), the third with from seven to ten and the fifth with from five to eight (scattered between the base and apex), the seventh with from one to three (one at the shoulder, and one or two at the apex, the latter very often obsolete), and the ninth with from four to six (near the apex), rather coarse setiferous punctures, the punctures on the apical third each usually preceded by a more or less distinct elevation, the apices obtuse; legs more or less piceous, the tarsi ferruginous.

Length $7\frac{1}{2}$ –10 millim.; breadth $2\frac{1}{4}$ –3 millim. (σ φ .)

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*), Cordova (*Sallé*).

Var. a. The prothorax and legs, and sometimes the head and elytra in great part, reddish-testaceous.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*).

Var. β. Piceo- or reddish-testaceous, the elytra sometimes with a translucent æneous tinge; the setiferous impressions on the elytra not preceded by a slight elevation.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa, Esperanza (*Höge*), Cordova (*Sallé*).

Numerous examples of the type and of the *var. α* were collected by Herr Höge at Jalapa; the *var. β* is an immature form.

This species may be distinguished from *S. multiformis* by the thorax being completely margined at the sides and having prominent anterior angles; and also by the more numerous setiferous impressions on the third and fifth elytral interstices, the first also having several near the apex (there are none in *S. multiformis*), and the impressions on the apical third usually preceded by a feeble elevation. From *S. nigrosparsa* &c. its non-scabrous thorax and more numerous setiferous impressions on the elytra sufficiently separate it. The head and thorax vary a great deal in shape and sculpture (though the latter always has the punctures separate one from another, and is never scabrous); they are also narrower in some male examples than in others.

35. *Statira æneotincta*.

Closely allied to *S. mexicana*, and differing as follows:—More elongate, the elytra especially; varying in colour from brownish-piceous to reddish-testaceous, the elytra more or less testaceous and often with a translucent æneous tinge; the antennæ longer, and with more elongate penultimate joints in both sexes; the prothorax with less prominent anterior angles; the elytral interstices obsoletely punctured at the apex, the first with about four (near the apex), the third and fifth each with about six (scattered between the base and apex), the seventh with one (at the shoulder), and the ninth with four or five (near the apex), setiferous punctures; the rest as in *S. mexicana*.

Length $9\frac{1}{2}$ –11 $\frac{1}{4}$ millim.; breadth $2\frac{1}{4}$ –3 millim. (σ φ .)

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa, Cordova (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Chiacam (*Champion*).

Nine examples. This is an immature-looking species allied to *S. mexicana*. Its