

distinctly margined, broad, and transverse; and the elytra are broader and more parallel, and have the interstices flat, the setiferous impressions on the alternate ones deeper and not quite so numerous. *S. alternans* is also allied to *S. leptotracheloides*, but more distantly.

41. *Statira tuberosa*. (Tab. II. fig. 4, ♀.)

Very elongate, depressed, opaque, obscure reddish-brown, the elytra piceo-testaceous with a brassy lustre, and not quite so dull. Head finely and rather thickly punctured, the eyes (♀) large; antennæ obscure testaceous, rather slender, the apical joint in the female about as long as joints 8-10 united; prothorax rather longer than broad, the sides finely margined from the base to the apex, rounded anteriorly, and strongly constricted behind, the hind angles acute, the basal margin sharply raised, the surface almost smooth (under a very strong lens a few minute scattered punctures are visible); elytra with long and shallow intrahumeral depression, very long and depressed, widest beyond the middle, subparallel anteriorly, with rows of fine shallow punctures placed upon very shallow striæ, the punctures approximate towards the base, but becoming more scattered and finer towards the apex, the interstices quite flat, the first, third, and fifth each with from ten to twelve (scattered between the base and apex), and the seventh and ninth each with from six to eight (one at the base and the others between the middle and apex), very shallow setiferous punctures, the punctures from the middle to the apex each preceded by a small conical elevation, the apices obtuse; beneath piceo-testaceous, shining; legs long and slender, obscure testaceous, the knees a little darker.

Length 10 millim.; breadth (at shoulders) $2\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*).

One female example only. Allied to *S. nodulosa*, but differing in the thorax being smoother, and with the anterior angles not prominent, and in the elytra having not nearly so many setiferous punctures on the alternate interstices, the tubercles preceding the punctures more conical, and not becoming elongate towards the apex, and the striæ more finely and less closely punctured. *S. tuberosa* closely resembles *S. æneotincta*; it is, however, readily distinguished by the opaque thorax and tuberculate elytra.

42. *Statira nodulosa*.

Very elongate, rather depressed, dull piceo-castaneous, the elytra with a greenish-æneous lustre and slightly shining. Head finely and somewhat thickly punctured; eyes (♂) very large, rather narrowly separated; antennæ (♂) ferruginous, long, the apical joint equalling joints 6-10 united; prothorax about as long as broad, the sides finely but distinctly margined from the base to the apex, rounded about the middle, strongly constricted behind, and sinuate-emarginate in front, the anterior angles sharply defined and projecting laterally, the hind angles acute and very prominent, the basal margin much raised, and grooved within towards the sides, the disc shallowly transversely impressed in the middle behind, the surface very minutely, shallowly, and somewhat thickly punctured; elytra with long intrahumeral depression, very long, widest beyond the middle, finely punctate-striate, the punctures very closely placed, the interstices flat towards the base, slightly convex behind, the first, third, fifth, seventh, and ninth each with a row of closely placed, moderately coarse setiferous punctures, the setiferous punctures (except on the basal part of the disc) each preceded by a small feebly raised tubercular elevation and the elevations themselves becoming more elongate towards the sides and apex, the apices slightly pointed; legs rather thickly punctured, long, fusco-ferruginous, the femora pubescent, the tibiæ somewhat densely clothed with short hairs within.

Length $11\frac{1}{2}$ millim.; breadth (at shoulders) 3 millim. (♂.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Panajachel 5000 feet (*Champion*).