

and rather closely punctured, a longitudinal space on the middle of the disc smooth; elytra with shallow intrahumeral depression, moderately long, finely punctate-striate, the punctures closely packed and deep, the interstices flat at the base, rather convex at the apex, and very closely and confusedly punctured throughout, the apices obtuse; beneath thickly punctured, testaceous, the venter piceous; legs comparatively slender, thickly clothed on all sides with rather long erect hairs, testaceous, the knees stained with piceous.

Length 6 millim.; breadth  $1\frac{1}{2}$  millim. (♂.)

*Hab.* MEXICO, Tapachula in Chiapas (*Höge*).

A single male example, captured on the lower part of the South Mexican Pacific slope. This species is closely allied to *S. corrosa*, but may be identified by its less shining surface and the very thickly and more distinctly punctured elytral interstices. From *S. horrida* the much more finely punctured elytral striae (the punctures similar in shape throughout and not strongly transverse on the basal half) sufficiently distinguish it.

### 56. *Statira brevipilis*.

Elongate, narrow, nigro-æneous, shining, the elytra dark cyaneous (in one example piceous-brown with a cyaneous lustre), the surface clothed with short erect hairs. Head very coarsely punctured, the eyes small; antennae piceous, very stout, rather long—the apical joint in the male longer, in the female shorter, than joints 8–10 united; prothorax longer than broad, cylindrical, the sides immarginate, only a little rounded anteriorly, and feebly constricted behind, the hind angles moderately prominent, the basal margin very little raised, the surface very coarsely and deeply punctured, the punctures more scattered on the disc; elytra with rather shallow intrahumeral depression, long, coarsely and deeply punctate-striate throughout, the interstices almost flat and coarsely and thickly punctured (two or three very irregular rows on each), the punctures finer than those of the striae and rather shallow, the apices obtuse; beneath black or piceous, shining, very sparsely and coarsely punctured, the punctures each bearing a short suberect hair; legs piceous or piceo-ferruginous, roughly punctured, and somewhat thickly clothed with rather long suberect hairs.

Length  $7\frac{1}{2}$ – $8\frac{1}{2}$  millim.; breadth  $1\frac{3}{4}$ – $2\frac{1}{4}$  millim. (♂ ♀.)

*Hab.* MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*).

Four examples, two of each sex. A narrow, elongate species, blackish-æneous in colour and shining; the elytra dark cyaneous, coarsely punctate-striate, and with the interstices coarsely and thickly punctured, the punctures each bearing a short erect hair; the head and thorax very coarsely punctured, the latter immarginate at the sides; the eyes small; and the legs roughly punctured and pilose.

### 57. *Statira villosa*.

Closely allied to *S. brevipilis* and differing as follows:—The antennae not so stout; the prothorax more sparsely and still more irregularly punctured; the elytra dark cyaneous, the interstices each with a very irregular row of coarse (but shallow) closely placed punctures, the punctures each bearing a moderately long erect hair; the femora and tibiae thickly clothed with long erect hairs.

Length 9 millim.; breadth  $2\frac{1}{4}$  millim. (♀.)

*Hab.* MEXICO, Iguala in Guerrero (*Höge*).

A single female example. *S. villosa* differs from *S. brevipilis* thus:—The body and legs are clothed with much longer hairs, and the elytral interstices (instead of being