

closely-placed setiferous impressions. *S. pluripunctata*, Horn, from Arizona, appears to be allied to this species; but, unlike any of the Mexican *Statiræ* with grooved tibiæ, it is stated to have the sides of the thorax without a distinct edge even at the base. Four examples, two of each sex.

### 78. *Statira rugipes*.

Very elongate, depressed, piceous-black, opaque, the elytra not so dull. Head very irregularly and closely punctured, scabrous between the eyes, the latter large but rather widely separated; antennæ (♀) ferruginous, rather short, moderately stout, the apical joint about as long as joints 8–10 united; prothorax as long as broad, the sides obsoletely margined throughout, moderately rounded anteriorly, and constricted behind, the hind angles rather sharp, the basal margin a little raised, the surface densely and finely scabrous; elytra with shallow intrahumeral depression, very long, finely punctate-striate throughout, the punctures transverse and approximate, the interstices rather convex, except on the basal part of the disc, and the first, third, fifth, seventh, and ninth each with a row of closely placed setiferous punctures extending from the base to the apex, the apices obtuse; beneath piceous-black, shining; legs long, rather slender, piceous, the tarsi ferruginous; the femora and tibiæ roughly punctured, the former on all sides thickly clothed with long, and the tibiæ within with shorter, decumbent hairs; the tibiæ deeply grooved on their outer edge from the base to the apex.

Length  $12\frac{2}{3}$  millim.; breadth  $3\frac{1}{2}$  millim. (♀.)

*Hab.* MEXICO, Ventanas in Durango (*Höge*).

One female example only. Larger and more elongate than *S. sulcicrus*, the elytra relatively much longer, the antennæ considerably stouter than in the corresponding sex of that species, the thorax still more densely scabrous and very opaque, and the femora more roughly punctured.

The narrowly ovate apical joint of the labial palpi and the much longer third joint of the antennæ distinguish *S. rugipes* from either of the species of *Epicyles*.

### 79. *Statira leptotracheloides*. (Tab. III. fig. 8, ♀.)

Elongate, narrow, subparallel, depressed, subopaque, obscure reddish-testaceous, the elytra testaceous and not so dull. Head scabrous between the eyes, the latter (♀) black and quite small, the comparatively broad space behind them with fine scattered setiferous punctures; antennæ long, moderately slender, testaceous—the apical joint (♀) not so long as joints 8–10 united, the latter elongate; prothorax narrow, subcylindrical, longer than broad, the sides obsoletely margined at the base and apex, moderately rounded anteriorly, and not very strongly constricted behind, the hind angles acute, the basal margin moderately raised and scarcely grooved within, the surface very finely scabrous; scutellum finely punctured; elytra with indistinct intrahumeral depression, long, flattened on the disc, closely, finely, and shallowly punctate-striate, the interstices flat, the first, third, fifth, seventh, and ninth each with a row of closely placed deep setiferous punctures, the apices a little produced but obtuse; beneath reddish-testaceous, slightly shining; legs testaceous, moderately long, the femora and tibiæ sparsely and roughly punctured and clothed on all sides with rather long decumbent hairs, the tibiæ from the base to the apex grooved on their outer edge.

Length  $9\frac{1}{2}$  millim.; breadth  $2\frac{1}{2}$  millim. (♀.)

*Hab.* MEXICO, Ventanas in Durango (*Höge*).

An immature female example only. Closely allied to *S. sulcicrus*; but differing in