

*Hab.* MEXICO (*coll.* *F. Bates*).—BRAZIL<sup>1 2 3</sup>.

In Mr. F. Bates's collection there is a Mexican specimen of a *Tetraonyx* agreeing perfectly with Klug's excellent figure of *T. bimaculatus*; and this specimen has been so named by Haag. *T. bimaculatus* chiefly differs from *T. maculatus* by having the basal black spot of the elytra extending to the humeri, and the transverse flavous space behind this spot broader; the head is black. The basal joint of the anterior tarsi is very stout, and dilated on the inner side, in the male. *T. quadrimaculatus* (Fabr.), from the Southern States and the Antilles, is an allied species; it has the thorax closely punctured.

### 9. *Tetraonyx maculatus*. (Tab. XVIII. fig. 10.)

*Tetraonyx maculatus*, Casteln. Hist. Nat. Ins. Col. ii. p. 277<sup>1</sup>; Haag, Stett. ent. Zeit. 1879, p. 306<sup>2</sup>.

*Tetraonyx maculicollis*, Deyr. in litt.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*), Vera Cruz (*Sallé*, *H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA, Cerro Zunil (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Granada (*Sallé*).—BRAZIL<sup>1 2</sup>.

We have received nine specimens of a *Tetraonyx* agreeing very well with Haag's definition of *T. maculatus*, Casteln. A small species, of a flavous or flavo-testaceous colour; the elytra each with two very large black spots—one basal, not quite reaching the suture and more or less excised near the shoulders in front, the other apical, the latter confluent with the one on the opposite elytron; the antennæ, the apices of the femora, the tibiæ, and tarsi black; the underside reddish-testaceous. The head is sometimes partly brownish, and the thorax often has a piceous or brownish patch, or two small spots placed transversely, on the middle of the disc. Haag appears to have examined some of Sallé's Mexican and Nicaraguan examples; but the only locality mentioned by him<sup>2</sup> is Brazil.

In Sallé's collection the specimens with the thorax immaculate are labelled *T. maculatus* and those with the thorax spotted *T. maculicollis*. The basal joint of the anterior tarsi is slightly widened in the male.

### 10. *Tetraonyx decipiens*.

*Tetraonyx decipiens*, Haag, Stett. ent. Zeit. 1879, p. 269<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* MEXICO (*coll.* *Haag*<sup>1</sup>).

"Subelongate, rufous; the antennæ, the scutellum in the middle, the sides and hind margin of the mesosternum (? hind coxæ), the apices of the femora, the tibiæ, and tarsi blackish; head and thorax shining, the latter strongly transverse, canaliculate, and impressed on both sides, sparsely punctured; elytra opaque, rufous-pilose. Length 9, breadth  $4\frac{1}{2}$  millim."