

9. *Epicauta haroldi*.

Lytta haroldi, Haag, Berl. ent. Zeitschr. 1880, p. 44¹.

Hab. COSTA RICA (*Wagner, in mus. Berol.*¹).

“Nigra, opaca, pubescens, thorace, scutello, vitta latissima transversa elytrorum macula apicali subtusque indumento ochraceo-griseo densissime tecta, segmentis medio denudatis.—Long. 17, lat. 6 millim.”

Unknown to me. According to Haag, this species is allied to *E. terminata*, *E. luridipennis* (*rufipennis*), and *E. carmelita*.

10. *Epicauta funesta*. (Tab. XIX. fig. 6, ♂.)

Lytta (Epicauta) funesta, Chevr. Col. Mex., Cent. i. fasc. iii. no. 54 (1834)¹.

Cantharis funesta, Dugès, La Naturelleza, i. p. 126², and iv. p. 67, t. 2. figg. 5, 5 a-e³.

Epicauta funesta, Dugès, An. Mus. Michoacano, ii. p. 65⁴.

Hab. MEXICO, Orizaba^{1 2}, El Camaron, Vera Cruz⁴ (*Sallé*), Jalapa, Cordova (*Höge*), Almolonga (*Höge, Flohr*³).

Only recorded as yet from the Mexican States of Vera Cruz and Puebla. It has been captured in abundance at Cordova and Orizaba. The pubescence is dense, cinereous or yellowish; the elytra with a large transverse ante-apical patch, interrupted at the suture, and usually the base on either side of the scutellum, narrowly, black. The male has a single spur to the anterior tibiae, and the basal joint of the anterior tarsi slightly dilated. The eyes are deeply emarginate.

11. *Epicauta punctum*. (Tab. XIX. fig. 7, ♂.)

Cantharis punctum (Deyr.), Dugès, La Naturelleza, i. p. 158, t. 2. fig. 9¹.

Epicauta punctum, Dugès, An. Mus. Michoacano, ii. p. 67².

Hab. MEXICO (*Boucard*¹), Ventanas in Durango (*Forrer*), Parada (*Sallé*), Matamoros Izucar (*Sallé, Höge*), Mochitlan in Guerrero (*Baron*), Guadalajara (*Höge*), Vera Cruz (*Dugès*²).

Not uncommon in the highlands of Mexico. The species is black, densely clothed with rather coarse cinereous pubescence, the elytra each with a small black spot on the middle of the disc towards the apex. The antennae are moderately long, sub-filiform, very little thinner towards the tip, and rather stout in both sexes, the third joint twice as long as the second. The male has the anterior tibiae strongly sinuous within and furnished with a single spur. The spurs of the posterior tibiae are acute, subequal. The eyes are deeply emarginate. The punctuation of the thorax is variable.

12. *Epicauta atripilis*.

Elongate, deep black, opaque, the pubescence above and beneath black and rather dense. Head densely and rather coarsely punctate, more finely so on the vertex, without median channel, a narrow longitudinal space in the middle between the eyes impunctate, rufous, the eyes large and deeply emarginate, the labrum shallowly emarginate; last joint of the maxillary palpi (♂) oblong-ovate, obliquely truncate at