

Hab. GUATEMALA, Volcan de Atitlan 2500 to 3500 feet, Cerro Zunil 4000 feet (*Champion*).

Rostrum slender, in the male quite as long as the thorax, in the female a good deal longer. Antennæ very long, the club very long and slender, the terminal joint but little shorter than the tenth. Head finely punctate. Thorax rather finely punctate. Elytra with regular series of punctures, obliterated at the apex, the interstices very broad, their remote serial punctuation very obsolete; there is a black basal fascia interrupted at the suture, and a second fascia just in front of the middle, interrupted at the suture and each half more or less distinctly divided into two spots; the erect setosity is not very long. The legs are yellow with black tibiæ, and the basal joint of the tarsus more or less deeply black.

We have received three examples of this remarkable species; we figure the male from Cerro Zunil, which has the rostrum shorter, the eyes larger, and the apex of the middle tibia a little more prolonged inwardly.

4. *Eugnampthus maculatus*, sp. n. (Tab. II. fig. 3.)

Rufus, parce setosus; antennis, pedibus elytrorumque maculis quatuor nigris, femoribus omnibus ex parte majore flavis; capite prothoraceque parcissime punctatis, sublævigatis; elytris seriatim subremote punctatis, interstitiis fere impunctatis.

Long. cum rostro 4-4½ millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Oaxaca (*Höge*), Atoyac and Fortin in Vera Cruz, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).

Rostrum very short, broad; head nearly impunctate, the eyes very large, the vertex short. Antennæ very long, quite black, the terminal joint only half as broad as the tenth. Thorax slender, longer than broad, obsoletely and sparingly punctate. Elytra with quite regular series of distant punctures, obsolete at the apex. The tibiæ and tarsi in larger part and the apices of the femora black. Male with the extremity of the middle tibia incurved at the apex.

We have received seven examples of this species, and apparently all are males. The black spots vary greatly in size, and possibly they may be sometimes entirely absent; but, independently of the black spots, the species is easily recognizable by the diminished punctuation of the head and thorax.

5. *Eugnampthus basalis*, sp. n.

Fulvus, setosus; elytris ad basin nigro-bimaculatis; antennis nigris, valde elongatis; prothorace fortiter punctato; elytris seriatim fortiter punctatis.

Long. 4½ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 3000 feet (*Champion*).

Rostrum very short, scarcely so long as the head; the latter almost impunctate. Thorax slender, very coarsely punctate. Elytra with an oblong black spot on each side