

channel on the middle. Thorax broader than long, greatly rounded at the sides, feebly constricted near the front and near the base, densely and coarsely punctate, with a moderately long channel in the middle in front of the base. Elytra broad, deeply sulcate, with a large depression in the sulci, these depressions separated only by small intervals, the interstices moderately broad, rather convex, quite dull. Anterior legs elongate; tibiæ dilated and compressed, set with hairs along the inner margin behind; middle tarsi with the second joint broad, the third very broad, its lobes divergent, so as to receive the very short, broad fourth joint, the claws of this latter abruptly bent and applied to the under surface of the joint; middle and hind tibiæ armed with a short mucro at the apex internally.

Only one specimen of this very abnormal insect has been obtained.

29. *Apion seriatum*, sp. n. (Tab. III. fig. 8.)

Robustum, nigrum, opacum; rostro sat elongato, crassiusculo, punctato et striato; prothorace subconico, crebrius fortiter punctato; elytris parum profunde sulcatis, interstitiis uniseriatim punctatis.

Long. $2\frac{3}{4}$ millim.

Hab. BRITISH HONDURAS, Belize (*Blancaneaux*).

We have only received one specimen of this species; it is not like any other, and will be easily recognized by the unusual character of a punctuation on the interstices of the elytra. Rostrum rather longer than the head and thorax, stout, dull, punctate, carinate at the sides; antennæ short and stout, inserted about as far in front of the eyes as the width of the head (including the eyes); these latter rather large, slightly prominent, the interval between them narrow, tricarinate. Thorax large, almost as broad behind as the base of the elytra, much narrowed in front, deeply and coarsely as well as closely punctured, with a deep distinct impression in front of the scutellum. Elytra quite dull, very definitely, moderately deeply grooved; interstices very slightly concave, each with a series of closely placed, rather large, but obsolete punctures. Legs stout. Middle coxæ very widely separated.

A. seriatum is really more allied to *A. juno* and the species near that, all of which have the femora more or less variegate with red, and are consequently placed in the next division.

30. *Apion quercicola*, sp. n.

Angustulum, nigrum, opacum, parce griseo-setosum; rostro gracili, maris mediocri, feminae elongato; capite angusto et brevi, oculis haud prominulis; prothorace conico-cylindrico, crebre fortiter punctato; elytris elongatis, sat profunde sulcatis, sulcis profunde punctatis, interstitiis planis.

Long. $1\frac{3}{4}$ –2 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, near the city (*Flohr*).

This insect resembles *A. spretissimum* and *A. præditum*, but the antennæ are inserted farther in front of the base, their distance in front of the eyes being as great as the