

40. **Apion conicicolle**, sp. n.

Piceum, setosum, pedibus testaceis, tarsis fuscis; prothorace conico, obsolete punctato; elytris sat profunde sulcatis.

Long. 2 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

Rostrum dissimilar in the sexes, slender, not so long as the head and thorax—in the female very slender, polished, in the male broader and setose; eyes not large, but quite convex, separated by a very wide interval; antennæ inserted almost beneath the front of the eyes, at the base infusate-yellow. Thorax conical, without punctuation, but with a very distinct setosity. Elytra moderately deeply sulcate, the interstices not much broader than the grooves, rather densely setose. Legs pale yellow; tarsi dusky red, rather broad; middle coxæ slightly separated.

Ten examples were procured of this species; they are precisely alike, except in the sexual distinctions.

41. **Apion picturatum**, sp. n. (Tab. III. fig. 11, ♀.)

Breve, convexum, subopacum, rufescens, setosum, elytrorum disco guttulis ornato, antennarum basi pedibusque flavis.

Long. 2 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, David (*Champion*).

Rostrum almost as long as the head and thorax, dissimilar in the sexes—in the female with a rather large broad basal portion, and a slender cylindrical polished anterior part, while in the male the anterior part is not so slender, is not abruptly distinguished from the basal portion, and is not polished but feebly sculptured and setose, except at the tip; the eyes are rather small but convex, the antennæ inserted some distance in front of them; the space between the eyes is broad. The thorax is rather broad and short, greatly narrowed in front, not visibly punctured, but with a well-marked depressed squamosity. Elytra stout, rounded and convex, with well-marked rather deep grooves, and a pallid squamosity distributed irregularly so as to give a spotted appearance, the spots being most distinct around the discoidal area. The legs are rather stout, pale yellow, with the tarsi reddish; the coxæ and trochanters are red; the middle coxæ are not widely separated.

Four examples were obtained of this species; it is not likely to be confounded with any other owing to the spotted arrangement of the squamosity.

42. **Apion cretaceicolle**, sp. n. (Tab. II. fig. 25.)

Convexum, rufescens, squamosum, opacum, antennarum basi pedibusque testaceis, tarsis antennarumque clava fuscis; prothorace conico, densius squamoso-setoso; elytris profunde sulcatis, squamosis, squamositate sublineatim disposita.

Long. $2\frac{1}{8}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Zapote, Pantaleon (*Champion*).

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