

79. **Apion juno**, sp. n. (Tab. III. fig. 20.)

Robustum, nigrum, supra cyaneum, opacum, nudum; rostro magno, rugoso; femoribus basi late rufis.
Long. $2\frac{3}{4}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, near the city (*Champion*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Rostrum quite as long as the head and thorax, stout, rugose, with a channel on each side of the upper surface extending from the front of the eye to near the extremity; eyes very convex, the interval between them narrow, deeply bisulcate; antennæ inserted about one-fifth of the length of the rostrum in front of the eyes. Thorax large, broad at the base, elongate, greatly narrowed in front, and broadly constricted behind the anterior margin, very coarsely and very densely punctured, with a fine channel at the base in the middle. Elytra moderately deeply sulcate; interstices rather broad, a little concave. Legs black, with the basal part of the femora broadly bright red. Coxæ bearing a good deal of white setosity, the middle pair rather widely separated.

Three specimens were obtained of this species; it is well distinguished from all our others.

80. **Apion gibbosum**, sp. n. (Tab. III. figg. 21; 21 *a*, profile.)

Latum, valde convexum, opacum, rufo-brunneum, setosum, elytrorum disco griseo-signato; pedibus flavis; rostro crasso, apicem versus attenuato.
Long. $2\frac{1}{4}$ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Tolé (*Champion*).

Rostrum subulate, longer than the thorax, the basal portion thick, dull, setose, the apex black, bare for a short distance only in the male, in the female for a longer distance; antennæ fuscous; eyes convex, very widely separated, the space between them only finely sculptured like the rest of the surface. Thorax large, greatly narrowed in front, and a little constricted behind the anterior margin, dull, obscurely punctate, setose, with a short fine channel in front of the base in the middle. Elytra short and broad, with the disc very convex, the posterior part abruptly declivous, setose, the most elevated part surrounded by a griseous mark, deeply sulcate, the interstices broad, flat, finely rugose. Legs thick, pale dull yellow; coxæ and trochanters fuscous, the sides with much pale squamosity; middle coxæ moderately separated.

Six specimens were obtained of this remarkable species; and we have received an example from Honduras which may be a variety of it, the colour being paler and the mark on the disc of the elytra different.

81. **Apion lentum**, sp. n. (Tab. III. fig. 22.)

Breve, convexum, parce setosum, nigrum, supra rufescens, elytrorum sutura nigricante, prothorace fere impunctato, elytris anguste sulcatis.
Long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA (*Champion*).