

greenish male from Teapa (fig. 17); a female, agreeing with the type of *P. farinolentus*, from Toxpam (fig. 18); a female of a greenish variety from Chiapas (fig. 19); and a female of the var. *a* from Santacomapan (fig. 20).

14. *Exophthalmus distigma*, sp. n. (Tab. XI. fig. 21, ♂.)

Oblong, black; densely clothed with cinereous scales, which are usually cupreous, purplish, or greenish in certain lights, and also set with small, scattered, adpressed setæ, the vestiture sometimes more or less hidden or disguised by a yellowish exudation. Head and rostrum rugulosely punctate, the rostrum a little longer than broad and finely carinate to the rather long inter-ocular groove; eyes rounded, moderately large, feebly convex; antennæ rather long and slender, the scape about reaching the anterior margin of the prothorax, joint 2 of the funiculus slightly longer than 1. Prothorax transverse, obliquely narrowed from the middle forwards, feebly bisinuate at the base, broadly depressed or flattened, and sometimes obsoletely canaliculate, down the centre; with a few, coarse, scattered punctures intermixed with a close fine punctuation. Scutellum prominent, rather large. Elytra subparallel in their basal half in ♂, broader and widened to the middle in ♀, feebly mucronate at the tip, the humeri rather prominent; with rows of scattered punctures placed in small foveæ, the interstices densely punctulate, 3 slightly raised to beyond the middle, and the space between it and the suture flattened or depressed, 5 with a more or less distinct, transverse, bare, almost smooth, foveiform depression at about the basal third, and 4 sometimes with a similar depression beyond the middle. Anterior tibiæ strongly, and the intermediate tibiæ more feebly, unguiculate in both sexes.

Length $7\frac{9}{10}$ – $12\frac{1}{4}$, breadth $2\frac{4}{5}$ –5 millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Cerro Zunil, Volcan de Atitlan, and Mirandilla, Pacific slope (*Champion*).

Found in abundance at Cerro Zunil in August 1880. This is the Guatemalan form of the Mexican *E. agrestis*, from which it differs in having the elytra broadly flattened or hollowed along the suture (the depression extending forwards on to the disc of the prothorax), the seriate punctures more scattered, and the third interstice slightly raised. The upper surface usually has a cupreous or greenish lustre. The bare depression on the fifth elytral interstice is constant.

15. *Exophthalmus scalptus*, sp. n. (Tab. XI. fig. 22, ♀.)

Oblong, narrow (♂), broader (♀), black; densely clothed (the head and rostrum more sparsely) with pearly-white scales (which sometimes have a cupreous or greenish tinge), the prothorax and elytra with small, scattered, bare—transverse, oblique, or foveiform—asymmetrically-arranged spots; the surface also set with minute, widely scattered, adpressed, setiform scales. Head and rostrum rather sparsely punctate, the rostrum short, about as broad as long, hollowed on each side of the stout, arcuate median carina, the latter followed by a small inter-ocular fovea, the eyes large and somewhat depressed; antennæ rather slender, the scape extending beyond the anterior margin of the prothorax. Prothorax transverse, convex, rounded at the sides, feebly bisinuate at the base; the spaces between the scattered, bare, irregular, foveiform depressions densely punctulate. Scutellum well developed. Elytra elongate-triangular in ♂, broader and widened to the middle in ♀, separately mucronate at the tip, the humeri not very prominent; interruptedly seriate-punctate, the interstices (except in the places occupied by the bare transverse marks) densely punctulate, 3 usually a little raised and the space between it and the suture flattened or depressed. Anterior tibiæ feebly denticulate and with a long claw at the tip.

Length 3–5, breadth $9\frac{1}{2}$ –13 millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. COSTA RICA (*Sallé*; *Van Patten*), Cachí (*Rogers*, *Biolley*), Irazu (*Rogers*), La Palma, San José (*Biolley*).