

side before the eyes, as well as down the middle, the eyes convex; antennæ stout, the scape widened from near the base, joint 2 of the funiculus a little longer than 1. Prothorax as long as broad, rounded at the sides anteriorly and constricted in front, densely, finely punctate; with a deep arcuate transverse groove behind the middle and an oblong excavation on the disc towards the apex, in each of which is an oblong polished shining fovea, and various other large, confluent, irregular, foveiform depressions. Scutellum well developed, convex. Elytra not wider than the prothorax, elongate, subparallel from the obliquely rounded humeri to about the middle, transversely depressed at the base and conjointly produced at the apex; with rows of coarse punctures placed along extremely fine geminate striæ, the interstices uneven, densely, finely punctate, 3, 5, 7, and 9 widened and costate, 3, 7, and 9 partly bare. Legs very stout; anterior tibiæ strongly bowed.

Length $11\frac{1}{2}$ –14, breadth 3 – $3\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (σ ?)

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo in Baja Vera Paz (*Champion*).

Two specimens. A remarkably distinct form, easily separable from the following by the sharply albo-lineate fifth elytral interstice, the prominent scutellum, and the very coarsely wrinkled, foveolate prothorax, the two oblong, bare, polished foveæ on which form an interrupted median sulcus.

2. *Mazenes geminatus*, sp. n. (Tab. XIII. fig. 5, σ .)

Elongate, narrow, piceous; above densely clothed with brown scales, with green and ochreous scales intermixed, the latter mainly confined to the foveiform depressions, the under surface uniformly viridish-squamose, the surface also set with stiff decumbent setæ similar to those on the legs. Head and rostrum densely, finely punctate, the oblique ridges on the rostrum broad and not very conspicuous; antennal scape subclavate at the tip; eyes feebly convex. Prothorax a little longer than broad, cylindrical, narrowed and feebly constricted in front, densely, finely punctate; transversely wrinkled and irregularly foveolate, the disc with two longitudinally placed, small, polished foveæ. Scutellum very small. Elytra elongate, very little wider than the prothorax, subparallel in their basal third, transversely depressed at the base, the humeri oblique, subangular; with rows of moderately coarse punctures placed along extremely fine geminate striæ, the interstices uneven, densely, finely punctate, 3, 5, 7, and 9 widened and more or less raised, the outer striæ coalescent from a little below the base. Legs stout.

Length $14\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $3\frac{3}{4}$ millim. (σ .)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Purula in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

One specimen. More cylindrical than *M. bifoveatus*, the antennal scape more slender, the excavations on the prothorax much shallower, the scutellum smaller, the elytra at the base a little broader than the prothorax, and with the alternate interstices wider and less raised, the under surface uniformly clothed with pale green scales. It is probable that the green scales are partly abraded on the upper surface.

3. *Mazenes lineatus*, sp. n. (Tab. XIII. fig. 6, σ .)

Elongate, widened posteriorly, piceous; thickly clothed with brown, pale ochreous, and whitish scales—the ochreous scales on the elytra condensed into lines on the depressed portions of the surface and those on the prothorax placed in the transverse furrows, the white scales on the elytra condensed into a faint stripe on the fifth interstice and an angular patch near the apex; the scales on the under surface and legs cinereous or whitish, with brown scales intermixed; the apex of the elytra and the under surface also set with bristly decumbent setæ, similar to those on the legs. Head and rostrum densely, finely punctate, the rostrum deeply excavate down the middle between the broad oblique ridges and also hollowed on each side before the eyes, the latter moderately convex; antennal scape gradually widened outwards,