

- a*². Prothorax gradually dilated from the apex to the acute hind angles, and there as wide as the elytra: upper surface usually fusco-variegate, sometimes uniformly cinereous *setosus*, Boh.
- b*². Prothorax obtusely dilated at the sides before the base and obliquely narrowing thence to the hind angles: scales green and cinereous, the elytra fusco-variegate *virescens*, sp. n.
- c*². Prothorax angularly dilated at the sides before the base and hollowed thence to the sharp hind angles: scales uniformly brownish-cinereous above *denticollis*, sp. n.
- b*¹. Prothorax not or more feebly margined on each side at base, narrower than the elytra.
- d*². Prothorax gradually widened to the base, at least in ♀: upper surface variegate, the prothorax often fusco-bivittate on disc . . . *variegatus*, Boh.
- e*². Prothorax with the sides subparallel or slightly converging behind: upper surface variegate *marmoratus*, Horn.
- b*. Mesosternal protuberance short, subconical; rostrum shallowly sulcate; upper surface variegate.
- c*¹. Prothorax with the sides subparallel behind *crassipes*, sp. n.
- d*¹. Prothorax with the sides rounded from the base *rotundicollis*, sp. n.

1. *Coleocerus setosus*. (Tab. XIV. figg. 11, 11 *a*, ♂.)

Colecerus setosus, Boh. in Schönh. Gen. Curc. v. p. 928 ¹.

Colecerus minutus, Sturm, in litt.².

Var. The scales uniformly cinereous, sometimes with a faint cupreous or greenish tinge.

Megalostylus sulcirostris and *lepidotus*, Sturm, in litt.³.

Length 4–7½, breadth 1¾–3½ millim.

Hab. MEXICO ¹ (*Sallé*, ex coll. Sturm ^{2 3}; *Truqui*; *Flohr*), Matamoros Izucar (*Sallé*, *Höge*), Colima City, Tacambaro, Huetamo (*Höge*), Puebla (*Sallé*), Puente de Ixtla (*Deam*, in *U.S. Nat. Mus.*), Tepetlapa (*H. H. Smith*).

This insect is more ovate than the allied forms, the sides of the prothorax (which are margined at the base) forming a continuous outline with those of the elytra, the acute hind angles of the former sometimes slightly projecting beyond the humeri. The upper surface in the typical form (fig. 11) is asymmetrically variegate with black and cinereous (or whitish) scales, the dark scales usually condensed on the disc of the prothorax into two strongly sinuate or curved stripes (which enclose a cruciform or transverse whitish patch), these markings being entirely obliterated in the cinereous variety. The setæ (often abraded) are so short and inconspicuous that they are hardly visible till the insect is viewed in profile. The two specimens sent me for examination by Dr. Sjöstedt differ greatly in size, and the long series received from Matamoros varies in the same way. The immaculate variety is represented by five examples from Colima City, two from the Sturm collection, and one in the British Museum.