

## 2. *Coleocerus virescens*, sp. n. (Tab. XIV. figg. 12, 12 a.)

Oblong-ovate, piceous, densely clothed with intermixed pale green and cinereous scales, those on the under surface metallic, the elytra mottled with fuscous. Rostrum sulcate and deeply excavate. Antennæ rather slender, the joints of the funiculus becoming shorter and stouter outwards, 2 shorter than 1. Prothorax strongly transverse, explanate and sharply margined at the sides posteriorly, obliquely narrowed thence to the apex, and distinctly narrowed at the base, the base itself deeply bisinuate, the hind angles acute; densely finely punctate. Scutellum broad, strongly transverse. Elytra oblong, scarcely wider than the prothorax, punctate-striate, the interstices feebly convex. Mesosternal protuberance long, compressed. Legs stout.

Length  $4\frac{1}{2}$ , breadth  $2\frac{1}{3}$  millim. (♀?)

*Hab.* MEXICO (*Sallé*).

One specimen, without definite locality. This is the only species of the genus known to me with a large admixture of green scales and the prothorax sharply margined at the sides behind. The last-mentioned character brings *C. virescens* near the Texan *C. dispar* (Lec.), which has the prothorax more feebly sinuate at the base, &c.

## 3. *Coleocerus denticollis*, sp. n. (Tab. XIV. figg. 13, 13 a.)

Oblong-ovate, piceous; the prothorax and elytra densely clothed with brownish-cinereous, and the rest of the surface with whitish or cinereous, scales. Rostrum sulcate and deeply excavate. Prothorax strongly transverse, angularly dilated at the sides before the base and obliquely narrowing thence to the apex, the sides margined posteriorly and emarginate between the angular dilatation and the sharp hind angles, the base bisinuate; densely, finely punctate. Scutellum transverse. Elytra not wider than the prothorax, narrowing from the base, closely punctate-striate, the interstices feebly convex. Mesosternal protuberance long, slightly curved upwards, blunt at the tip. Legs very stout.

Length  $4\frac{3}{4}$ , breadth  $2\frac{1}{10}$  millim. (♀?)

*Hab.* MEXICO, Acapulco (*Höge*).

One specimen. Distinguishable by the angularly dilated, posteriorly margined sides of the prothorax and the uniform vestiture—brownish-cinereous above and whitish beneath.

## 4. *Coleocerus variegatus*. (Tab. XIV. figg. 14, 14 a, ♂; 15, ♀, var.)

*Colecerus variegatus*, Boh. in Schönh. Gen. Curc. viii. 2, p. 405<sup>1</sup>.

Length  $3\frac{1}{2}$ –8, breadth  $1\frac{2}{3}$ – $3\frac{1}{2}$  millim.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Jalapa, Cerro de Palmas (*Höge*), San Andres Tuxtla, Juquila, Tepanistlahuaca (*Sallé*), Salina Cruz (*Knab*, in *U.S. Nat. Mus.*), Oaxaca<sup>1</sup>; GUATEMALA, Volcan de Atitlan, Toco (Champion).

The numerous specimens referred to this species (the only one from Oaxaca to which Boheman's description is applicable) differ from *C. setosus* in having the prothorax distinctly narrower than the elytra at the base, and the sides not or feebly margined posteriorly; the vestiture coppery-brown or brown variegated with cinereous or whitish, the light scales on the prothorax condensed into a narrow median line and