

10. *Promecops uniformis*, sp. n. (Tab. XIV. fig. 30, ♂.)

Oblong, robust, piceous; densely, uniformly clothed with brown or greyish-brown scales, the elytra sometimes with a faint, darker, interrupted, transverse fascia beyond the middle, the surface also set with rather long, scattered, decumbent setæ, those on the elytra seriatly arranged down each interstice; the scales on the under surface cinereous or greenish-cinereous. Rostrum broad, slightly hollowed, and canaliculate; joint 2 of the funiculus a little longer than 1; eyes large, transverse, oval. Prothorax transverse, obliquely narrowed towards the base and apex, about as wide in front as behind, closely, finely punctate. Elytra oblong-subtriangular in ♂, subparallel or slightly widened to the middle in ♀, punctate-striate, the interstices feebly convex. Metasternum and first ventral segment broadly hollowed down the middle in ♂. Mesosternum simple. Legs very stout in ♂, more slender in ♀, the tibiæ moderately unguiculate in the two sexes; tarsal claws long, free.

Length $5-6\frac{1}{3}$, breadth $2\frac{1}{10}-2\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Capetillo, Dueñas, Cerro Zunil (*Champion*), Chimaltenango (*Conradt*).

Seven males and four females. In this insect there is no trace of the usual pallid elytral fasciæ, but there is sometimes an interrupted, blackish, somewhat denuded band visible beyond the middle, especially in the female. The males sometimes have the legs excessively stout. The tarsal claws are long, as in *P. unidentata*.

S U P P L E M E N T

TO THE

THECESTERNINÆ AND OTIORHYNCHINÆ*.

THIS Supplement to the subfamilies Thecesterninæ and Otiorhynchinæ† includes the additional material received since 1891, a few species left by Dr. Sharp for further study, and some other forms that had been overlooked in our own or in the British Museum collections. A few corrections in the synonymy have become necessary, mainly owing to the discovery of various Mexican types in the "Sommer" collection, kindly lent by Mr. O. E. Janson and Prof. Poulton.

* By G. C. CHAMPION.

† The Supplementary Apioninæ have been handed over to the specialist Herr Hans Wagner for determination, and his descriptions of the new forms will be published elsewhere. The specific names of three species of the genus *Apion* described in the present Volume were preoccupied, and they have been changed by Wagner (*Deutsche ent. Zeitschr.* 1909, p. 766) thus: *longimanum*, Sharp (nec Rey) (p. 62)—*macropus*; *longicolle*, Sharp (nec Gerst.) (p. 80)—*macrothorax*; *gibbosum*, Sharp (nec Herbst) (p. 82)—*peculiare*. Of the three other subfamilies dealt with by Dr. Sharp, the Attelabinæ, Pterocolinæ, and Allocoryninæ, but little has since come to hand, and no Supplement is therefore required. It may be observed, however, that a species of the genus *Allocorynus* (*A. slossoni*, Schaeff.) has recently been described from the United States.