

♂. First ventral segment, and the metasternum also, very broadly and shallowly depressed down the middle, this space being pilose and closely punctate, and the fifth segment with a transverse depression at the apex. Club of the antennæ securiform, and the seventh joint of the funiculus furnished with a cluster of fulvous bristly hairs.

Length 14–16½, breadth 6½–7½ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Cubilguitz in Vera Paz (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt, Richardson*).

Two males and three females. A large robust species, distinguishable by the irregularly-scattered, minute, white or ochreous spots on the elytra, the approximate eyes, the convex granulated prothorax, and peculiar male-characters. The lateral grooves of the rostrum (scrobes) extend forwards beyond the points of insertion of the antennæ to near the tip. This character, alone, will separate *H. securiger* from the following nearly allied form. The oblong, blackish, velvety patch on the fourth elytral interstice is not easily seen in abraded specimens. The abnormally-formed antennal club of the male is a very remarkable peculiarity.

32. **Hilipus nigrofasciatus**, sp. n. (Tab. II. figg. 19, ♂; 19a, profile of head.)

Oblong-ovate, robust, slightly shining, black or piceous; the prothorax variegated with fulvous scales, the scutellum and a spot below the humeri densely clothed with white scales, the elytra variegated with fulvous and blackish scales, the latter forming a broad, irregular, angulated, transverse fascia a little beyond the middle, the edges of this being here and there indicated by scattered small pure white spots, which are variable in number, all the scales narrow and piliform; the under surface and legs with scattered, narrow, whitish scales. Head closely punctured, the eyes large and contiguous; rostrum curved, moderately stout, considerably longer than the prothorax, thickly punctured towards the base, smooth towards the tip; antennæ inserted at about the middle of the rostrum in both sexes, joints 1 and 2 of the funiculus subequal in length. Prothorax considerably broader than long, convex, bisinuate at the base, rounded at the sides, abruptly constricted and narrowed in front; sparsely and finely granulate, with a more or less distinct, smooth, raised, central line. Elytra convex, about one-half wider than the prothorax, gradually narrowing from a little below the base, conjointly rounded at the apex, the humeri rounded; deeply seriate-punctate, the interspaces dull, obsolete or finely granulate. Lateral portions of the metasternum coarsely foveolate.

♂. First ventral segment, and the metasternum also, very broadly and shallowly depressed down the middle, this space being pilose and closely punctate, and the fifth segment with a transverse depression before the apex.

Length 12½–14, breadth 5½–6½ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Found in plenty in Chiriqui. This is one of a group of species characterized by their large approximate eyes and coarsely foveolate metasternum; and amongst these it may be identified by its finely granulate prothorax and irregularly fasciate elytra, the edges of the fascia indicated here and there by small pure white spots.