

base, conjointly rounded at the apex, the humeri rounded; seriate-punctate and finely granulate, the interstices transversely wrinkled. Metasternum deeply foveate along the outer edge. Venter convex towards the base, segments 1-4 almost smooth, unimpressed.

Length 11-13, breadth  $4\frac{3}{4}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$  millim.

*Hab.* NICARAGUA (*Sallé*), Chontales (*Belt*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Six examples, probably including both sexes, the males of some of the allied forms (*H. bioculatus* and *H. cæcus*) also having the first ventral segment unimpressed. The present species is very like *H. nigrofasciatus*; but is narrower and less robust, the eyes are not contiguous above, the prothorax has two white spots at the base and is more coarsely granulate, the outer edges only of the metasternum are foveolate, &c.

### 73. *Hilipus pulverulentus*, sp. n. (Tab. IV. fig. 4.)

Oblong-ovate, shining, rufo-piceous, the head, rostrum, and tarsi rufescent; the upper surface (the head excepted) somewhat thickly clothed with tawny scales, the legs and under surface with long piliform scales. Head foveate between the eyes, which are somewhat widely separated; rostrum moderately stout, curved, one-half longer than the prothorax, closely and finely punctured towards the base; antennæ inserted at about the middle of the rostrum, joints 1 and 2 of the funiculus subequal in length, the club longer than the five preceding joints united. Prothorax much broader than long, convex, rounded at the sides, constricted and considerably narrowed in front, strongly bisinuate at the base; the surface, except for a narrow space along the middle behind, finely and rather sparsely granulate, the interspaces densely, minutely punctate. Elytra one-fourth wider than the prothorax, strongly sinuate at the base, subparallel in their basal half, conjointly rounded at the apex, the humeri rounded; seriate-punctate, the interstices transversely wrinkled and finely granulate. First ventral segment faintly depressed down the middle behind.

Length  $12\frac{1}{2}$ , breadth 5 millim.

*Hab.* NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*).

One specimen, probably a female, though the first ventral segment is distinctly impressed in the middle. Chiefly distinguishable by the dense uniform tawny clothing of the prothorax, scutellum, and elytra, the strongly-sinuate base of the latter, and the finely-granulated upper surface. *H. pulverulentus* is closely allied to the South-American *H. pertyi*, Schönh. (= *rufipes*, Boh.), but differs from it in having the squamosity of the elytra uniformly tawny (instead of variegate with black and white), and the elytra themselves less elongate.

### 74. *Hilipus fulvisquamis*, sp. n. (Tab. IV. fig. 5, ♀.)

Oblong-ovate, moderately shining, rufo-piceous, the rostrum and legs sometimes rufescent; the upper surface somewhat thickly clothed with bright fulvous piliform scales, which on the pronotum are concentrated into two broad oblique vittæ (a space down the middle and the flanks being very sparsely squamose); the elytra with a small spot or transverse mark on the disc a little beyond the middle, sometimes extending outward to near the margin, and usually a small spot immediately behind the subapical callosities, black; the legs and under surface sparsely clothed with whitish and fulvous piliform scales. Head foveate between the eyes, which are somewhat widely separated; rostrum feebly curved, stout, and about one-fourth longer than the prothorax in the ♂, a little longer and more slender in the ♀, rather closely punctured towards the base; antennæ inserted a little before the apex of the rostrum in the ♂, further back in the ♀, joint 2 of the funiculus longer than 1 (♂), or 1 and 2 subequal in length (♀).