

relatively longer scape to the antennæ and the anterior coxæ not quite touching. The males are separable from the females by the shorter and less cylindrical apical portion of the rostrum, and they often have the venter depressed in the middle at the base. One species has been recorded as having been taken in numbers beneath seaweed on the coast of Florida.

The Central-American forms known to me may be roughly grouped thus:—

- a.* Ventral segments 1 and 2 separated by a deep suture; joint 8 of the funiculus strongly transverse Species 1-3.
- b.* Ventral segments 1 and 2 fused and on a level at the middle, the suture indistinct in the centre.
- a'*. Joint 8 of the funiculus strongly transverse, nearly as wide as the club . . . Species 4, 5.
- b'*. Joint 8 of the funiculus much narrower than the club.
- a''*. Head unimpressed in front.
- a'''*. Rostrum gibbous towards the base; prothorax with large smooth spaces on the disc, nodose and fasciculate Species 6.
- b'''*. Rostrum regularly arched.
- a⁴*. Rostrum not or feebly constricted at the base.
- a⁵*. Prothorax rounded or obtusely dilated at the sides.
- a⁶*. Prothorax strongly nodose and uneven above; elytra with very large tubercles Species 7.
- b⁶*. Prothorax feebly convex or flattened above; elytra with smaller tubercles.
- a⁷*. Prothorax more or less distinctly nodose, and usually fasciculate, at the apex, disc, and sides Species 8-26.
- b⁷*. Prothorax without conspicuous nodular elevations, sometimes fasciculate on the disc or at the apex Species 27-39.
- b⁸*. Prothorax angularly dilated at the sides Species 40, 41.
- b⁴*. Rostrum strongly constricted at the base.
- c⁵*. Rostrum finely tuberculate or granulate in front of the basal constriction Species 42-44.
- d⁵*. Rostrum simply swollen in front of the basal constriction . . . Species 45.
- b''*. Head deeply bifoveate in front Species 46.

1. *Anchonus biolleyi*, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 6, 6 *a*, ♀.)

Oblong-ovate, robust, black, the tarsi obscurely rufescent; the setæ fine and extremely short. Rostrum (♂) stout, curved, cylindrical, coarsely, closely punctate, (♀) slightly thickened towards the base and with the apical portion not so coarsely punctured; joints 7 and 8 of the funiculus transverse, 8 much wider than 7. Prothorax about as broad as long, rounded at the sides, widest a little before the middle, and narrowing thence to the base and apex, and constricted in front; the surface irregularly granulate, except along a narrow smooth space down the middle and a smaller space between this and the margin, the base and flanks sparsely punctate. Elytra ovate, convex, much wider than the prothorax; coarsely seriate-punctate, the interstices 2-7 each with a few large, rounded, setigerous tubercles, which become smaller towards the base and on the apical declivity, the humeri angular and projecting beyond the hind angles of the prothorax. Beneath densely rugulose and with scattered shallow punctures, the ventral segments