

ridge at the base of the third and fifth interstices, and the elytra themselves are a little more elongate than in the two other examples seen. The eighth joint of the funiculus is transverse, and a good deal wider than the seventh. From *A. sallæi* it may be distinguished by its more elongate shape, the relatively longer prothorax, and the somewhat numerous tubercles on the second elytral interstice towards the apex, these being subequal in size. Fähræus's type is figured.

23. *Anchonus oblongus*, sp. n. (Tab. V. fig. 26, 26 a, ♀.)

Oblong-ovate, nigro-piceous or black, the antennæ and tarsi obscurely rufescent; the setæ coarse, rather short, and scattered. Rostrum stout, curved, slightly thickened towards the base, and there feebly constricted, closely punctate throughout, the punctuation coarse, but becoming finer at the tip. Prothorax a little broader than long, somewhat flattened on the disc, widest at the middle, gradually narrowing thence to the base, and narrowing and constricted in front; the surface coarsely, closely punctate, except along a narrow, smooth, somewhat convex space down the middle and on an irregular sinuous flattened space midway between this and the margin, the interspaces between the punctures dull and here and there obliquely or sinuously raised, in one specimen faintly granulate, the setæ showing a tendency to form two fascicles at the apex and two on the middle of the disc. Elytra oblong-ovate, convex, of the same width at the base as the prothorax; coarsely seriate-punctate, the interstices 2-7 each with a series of oblong or rounded setigerous tubercles, those at the base of 3 and 5 cariniform, the suture also tuberculate beyond the middle. Femora coarsely rugosely punctate.

Length 5-5½, breadth 2-2¼ millim. (♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Capetillo (*Champion*).

Two specimens, one in perfectly clean condition. Very like *A. penicillatus*, but more elongate, the prothorax coarsely, closely punctate, except down the middle and along a narrow space on either side of it (instead of being sparsely granulate), the setæ much shorter, and not forming conspicuous fascicles on the prothorax. The narrower and more elongate form, the irregularly punctured prothorax, the sides of which are less rounded and the disc without prominent fascicles, and the slightly constricted, closely punctured rostrum separate this species from *A. cirratus* (♀). A specimen (♀) from San Gerónimo may also belong here; but it has longer setæ, and the elytra are here and there minutely granulate, both on the flattened and on the elevated portions of the surface.

24. *Anchonus brevipennis*, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 27, 27 a, ♂.)

Obovate, black, the antennæ and tarsi obscurely rufescent; the setæ very short, but coarse, and arranged in fascicles on the more elevated portions of the surface. Rostrum curved, stout, cylindrical, slightly constricted at the base, closely seriate-punctate, with the interspaces longitudinally wrinkled, the apical portion densely punctured in both sexes. Prothorax about as long as broad, rounded at the sides, narrowed and constricted in front and narrowed behind; the surface uneven, closely, coarsely punctate, shallowly sulcate down the middle, and binodose at the apex and on the middle of the disc. Elytra convex, ovate, comparatively short; seriate-punctate, the interstices 2-6 each with a scattered series of prominent, oblong, setigerous tubercles, 7 with small conical elevations.

Length 4-4½, breadth 2-2⅒ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO (*Sallé*).