

as the head and prothorax, a little widened towards the base and apex, rugosely punctate and subcarinate, with the apical half coarsely punctate, smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted at or behind the middle, joints 1 and 2 of the funiculus subequal in length, 4-7 moniliform, the club ovate. Prothorax nearly as long as broad, narrowed and constricted in front, the sides parallel behind; densely, finely punctate, the disc broadly depressed from a little before the base to the apex, swollen in the middle, and sharply carinate. Scutellum rather small. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, parallel in their basal half, and rapidly narrowing thence to the apex; alutaceous, seriate-punctate, the interstices (1 excepted) uneven or nodulose, 3-5 raised near the base and 2 and 3 also raised at the middle, 1-3 seriato-granulate. Beneath alutaceous, closely, shallowly punctate. Mesosternum much raised, prominent in front. Legs rugosely punctate, the femora unidentate, the tarsi rather long and comparatively slender.

Length $9\frac{1}{5}$ - $11\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $4\frac{1}{8}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. NICARAGUA (*Sallé*), Chontales (*Belt, Janson, Richardson*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Five specimens, the one from Chiriqui (fig. 14) being in better condition than the others, the black scales on the dorsal prominences of the elytra forming irregular markings in this insect. In general facies *C. fulvicollis* resembles *Tylodinus planicollis*, the latter having the prothorax similarly depressed on the disc. The sculpture of the elytra is variable.

42. *Cryptorrhynchus bipupillatus*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXII. figg. 15, 15 a, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, opaque, black, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi ferruginous; thickly clothed with intermixed reddish-brown and black scales, the latter condensed into two narrow, sinuous, interrupted lines on the disc of the prothorax and another on each side, and forming an irregular reticulation on the elytra, the elytra each with a whitish spot on the disc before the middle; the upper surface also somewhat closely set with short, coarse, black and fulvous setæ; the vestiture of the under surface paler, that of the femora and tibiæ dense, coarse, and setiform, fuscous and whitish intermixed, the whitish scales sometimes condensed into one or two rings. Head rugulosely punctate, the eyes widely separated; rostrum very stout, widened towards the base and apex, rugosely punctate and carinate to about the middle, and closely, rather coarsely punctate thence to the apex, smoother in the ♀. Prothorax a little broader than long, much narrowed and feebly constricted in front; densely punctate, the disc obliquely swollen on each side of the broad median depression behind, and also sharply carinate to near the base. Scutellum small. Elytra wider than the prothorax, parallel in their basal half; seriate-punctate, the interstices uneven, very sparsely seriato-granulate, 2, 3, 5, and 7 interruptedly raised. Beneath densely punctate. Legs rugosely punctate, the femora unidentate.

Length $6\frac{4}{5}$ - $9\frac{4}{5}$, breadth 3- $4\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Seven specimens, the five from Chiriqui being in fresh condition and blacker than the others. Very near *C. alboscuteclatus*, but with the scutellum small and not clothed with whitish scales, the elytra each with a white spot on the disc before the middle, their surface more uneven, the setosity closer and blacker.

43. *Cryptorrhynchus rugipes*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXII. figg. 16, 16 a, ♀.)

Oblong-ovate, rather broad, dull, black, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi ferruginous; thickly clothed with brown or reddish-brown scales, the elytra variegated with black or brownish-black (the dark scales chiefly clustered on or between the dorsal elevations) and each with a transverse white spot on the disc at about one-third from the apex, their surface also set with coarse, scattered, suberect setæ; the vestiture