

densely punctate, the eyes large, distant; rostrum stout, arcuate, about as long as the prothorax, thickly punctate in the ♂, smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted behind the middle, joints 1 and 2 of the funiculus subequal in length, the club ovate. Prothorax broader than long, constricted and much narrowed in front; densely, finely punctate, and at most obsoletely carinate, somewhat flattened down the middle. Scutellum rounded. Elytra a little wider than the prothorax, subparallel in their basal half, the humeri obtuse; seriate-punctate, the interstices rugulose and subgranulate, 3, 5, and 7 raised. Beneath densely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, arcuate-emarginate. Femora each with an acute tooth.

Var.? The black patch on the prothorax extending to the margins at the base; the vestiture of the elytra wholly black, with the exception of an irregular, interrupted, median fascia, a short streak on the shoulder, and a few small scattered spots; the apical half of the femora and the basal half of the tibiæ black; the alternate elytral interstices less raised.

Length $4\frac{1}{4}$ – $5\frac{3}{4}$, breadth 2 – $2\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Toxpam in Vera Cruz (*Sallé*), Jalapa (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Cerro Zunil (*Champion*).

Four specimens, the one from Jalapa belonging to the varietal form. Very near *C. dorsalis*, but less elongate; the prothorax less dilated at the sides, and with the median carina scarcely visible; the elytra with two large transverse black patches on the disc, connected at the suture. The N.-American *Cryptorrhynchus fallax*, Lec., seems to be a nearly allied form.

73. *Cryptorrhynchus macer*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXIII. fig. 10, ♀.)

Oblong-ovate, shining, nigro-piceous, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi ferruginous; thickly clothed with cinereous scales, the prothorax with a broad, anteriorly constricted space on the disc, and the elytra with a broad, common, transverse, subquadrate patch at the base, a transverse mark beyond the middle, and sometimes an oblong spot on the suture towards the apex, black, the legs nigro-annulate; the upper surface also set with very short, scattered, semierect, setiform scales. Head densely punctate, the eyes somewhat distant; rostrum stout, curved, about as long as the prothorax, rugulose and slightly widened at the base, and thickly punctate thence to the tip, the apical half smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted towards the middle, joint 2 of the funiculus shorter than 1, the club ovate, acuminate. Prothorax transverse, rounded at the sides anteriorly, abruptly narrowed and strongly constricted in front; densely, rugulosely punctate, and with a more or less distinct median carina. Elytra very little wider than the prothorax, narrowing from about the middle; seriate-punctate, the interstices 3 and 5 raised, the others feebly convex. Beneath densely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, subarcuately emarginate. Femora unarmed. Tibiæ subangulate at the base externally.

Length $3\frac{1}{2}$ – $4\frac{4}{5}$, breadth $1\frac{1}{2}$ – 2 millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Cerro Zunil and Capetillo, Pacific slope (*Champion*).

Seven specimens. This insect is a close ally of *C. dorsalis*, with unarmed femora and differently marked elytra. The black markings are sometimes connected by a narrow streak along the suture, the basal one being very large and transversely subquadrate, the second small and transverse.

74. *Cryptorrhynchus sinuatipes*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXIII. figg. 11, 11 a, ♂; 11 b, hind leg, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, black, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi obscure ferruginous; thickly clothed with rather coarse, pale brown, overlapping scales, the prothorax with a broad, anteriorly narrowed space extending