

sparsely punctate in the ♀, the antennæ inserted behind the middle, joints 1 and 2 of the funiculus subequal in length, the club ovate. Prothorax transverse, rounded at the sides, rapidly narrowing from the middle, feebly constricted in front; densely punctate and obsoletely carinate. Scutellum rounded. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, subparallel in their basal half, the humeri obtuse; seriate-punctate, the interstices rugulose, and sparsely granulate, 2-9 more or less raised, 2, 3, 5, and 7 prominent. Beneath densely punctate. Mesosternum very prominent, feebly emarginate. Legs stout; femora unidentate; tibiæ sinuous within.

Length 5-6½, breadth 2½-3 millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, El Tumbador, El Reposo, Las Mercedes, Calderas, Zapote, all on the Pacific slope (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt, Janson*).

Numerous examples. Larger and broader than *C. cancellatus*, the black reticulation somewhat differently distributed; the rostrum more rugose in the male, and stouter; the prothorax less abruptly constricted before the middle; the second elytral interstice raised; the abdomen densely punctate; the anterior tarsi of the male without projecting hairs.

79. *Cryptorrhynchus cancellatus*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXIII. fig. 16, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, black, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi ferruginous; thickly clothed with rather coarse, intermixed brown and cinereous scales, the prothorax and elytra more or less reticulated or variegated with black, the elytra often with indications of a pallid median fascia, and also set with numerous short, coarse, semierect, pallid and black setæ, which are arranged in a series along each elytral interstice and are sometimes clustered into four inconspicuous fascicles on the prothorax, the femora and tibiæ fusco-annulate and setulose. Head rugulosely punctate, the eyes pyriform, distant; rostrum about as long as the prothorax, curved, coarsely punctate, rugose and carinate at the base and smooth along the centre thence to the apex, the apical half more finely punctate in the ♀, the antennæ inserted at a little behind the middle, joint 2 of the funiculus slightly shorter than 1, the club ovate. Prothorax transverse, rounded at the sides, abruptly narrowed and constricted in front; densely punctate, and sometimes obsoletely carinate. Scutellum rounded. Elytra oblong, very little wider than the prothorax, parallel at the base, the humeri obtuse; seriate-punctate, the interstices shining and faintly granulate, 3, 5, 7, 8, and 9 raised. Beneath rather coarsely punctate, the first ventral segment slightly depressed down the middle in the ♂. Mesosternum prominent, arcuate-emarginate. Femora unidentate. Tibiæ almost straight on their inner edge. Anterior tarsi with a few projecting longer hairs in the ♂.

Length 4¼-5½, breadth 1⅞-2½ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Chilpancingo (*Höge*), Toxpam (*Sallé*); GUATEMALA, San Juan in Vera Paz, El Tumbador, El Reposo, Zapote (*Champion*), Panzos (*Conradt*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Eighteen specimens, varying a good deal in the colour of the scales. This is one of several extremely closely allied variable forms, and mainly distinguishable by the hairy front tarsi and the rather sparsely punctate rostrum of the male, the almost straight inner edge of the tibiæ, and the somewhat closely nigro-reticulate elytra. A single example (♂) from Teapa, with the vestiture blackish-brown, variegated with black, probably belongs to the same species. A well-marked specimen from San Juan is figured.