

Species small, oblong-ovate or subovate, squamose and setose or setulose, with the rostrum arcuate, slightly widened towards the base (except in *C. uncipes* and *C. collabismoides*), the eyes large and not very widely separated (except in *C. flohri*), the antennal club ovate or oblong-ovate, the prothorax bisinuate at the base, with feebly developed ocular lobes, the scutellum filling the cavity, the elytra much wider than the prothorax, with the alternate interstices not or feebly raised, the mesosternum prominent, arcuately or subangularly emarginate, the metathoracic episterna moderately broad, the ventral segment 2 longer than 3, the legs rather slender, the femora unidentate. (Nos. 96-121.)

Antennal club ovate. (Nos. 96-117.)

Antennal club oblong-ovate. (Nos. 118-121.)

96. *Cryptorrhynchus uncipes*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXIII. figg. 27, ♀ ; 28, hind leg, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, shining, black or piceous, the antennæ ferruginous; thickly clothed with fulvous scales, the prothorax with two darker sinuous vittæ on the disc, the elytra slightly mottled with cinereous and blackish-brown, the upper surface also set with rather long, coarse, semierect setæ, the vestiture of the abdomen sparse, the legs setulose. Head rugulosely punctate, flattened between the somewhat widely separated eyes; rostrum cylindrical, about as long as the prothorax, feebly curved, rugulosely punctate and squamose to near the middle and minutely punctate thence to the tip, smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted at about midway, joint 2 of the funiculus a little shorter than 1, the club ovate. Prothorax broader than long, constricted and much narrowed in front; densely, finely punctate. Scutellum rounded. Elytra considerably wider than the prothorax, subparallel in their basal half; with rows of rather coarse, subquadrate punctures placed in narrow striæ, the interstices somewhat convex. Beneath shining, coarsely, closely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, arcuate-emarginate. Legs moderately long, rather slender; femora feebly clavate, sharply unidentate; tibiæ almost straight on their outer edge, sinuous within, the posterior pair of the ♂ excavate on the inner edge at the apex and with the apex itself strongly unguiculate.

Var.? Narrower and a little more elongate, the vestiture much darker, that on the elytra fulvous and black intermixed.

Length $3\frac{1}{3}$ -5, breadth $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{3}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Found in abundance in Chiriqui. The form of the posterior tibiæ of the male, similar to that of various *Conotracheli*, will help to distinguish *C. uncipes* *. The variety is represented by a single rather worn male; it may belong to a different species.

97. *Cryptorrhynchus simplex*, sp. n.

Very similar to *C. uncipes*, but with the vestiture brown, slightly intermixed with cinereous, the setæ rather longer; the eyes larger and more approximate; the rostrum a little shorter, thickly squamose to near the middle in the ♂; joints 1 and 2 of the funiculus equal in length; the ventral segments more finely punctate; the tibiæ less sinuate within, the posterior pair neither excavate nor strongly unguiculate at the apex in the ♂.

Length $3\frac{1}{3}$ - $4\frac{1}{8}$, breadth $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Ten specimens, mostly in dirty condition, which were at first confused by me with *C. uncipes*, but they have the posterior tibiæ similarly formed in the two sexes, &c. The ventral surface is shining in both species.

* The insect is narrower than represented on the Plate.