

2 nearly as long as 1, the club ovate. Prothorax much broader than long, strongly constricted and much narrowed in front; densely punctate. Scutellum small, oblong. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, parallel at the base and narrowing thence to the apex, the latter considerably produced, the humeri swollen, obtuse; seriate-punctate, the interstices feebly convex, punctulate, 3 swollen below the base and before the middle. Beneath closely, rather coarsely punctate. Mesosternum very prominent, raised, feebly emarginate. Legs rather slender; femora unidentate.

Length $4\frac{4}{5}$ – $5\frac{1}{10}$, breadth $2\frac{1}{4}$ – $2\frac{1}{3}$ millim. (♀.)

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Two specimens. Very near *C. undulatus*, and perhaps an extreme form of that species, but with the vestiture more variegate, and the dense patches of white scales obsolete.

109. **Cryptorrhynchus collabismoides**, sp. n. (Tab. XXXIV. figg. 4, 4 a, ♂.)

Elongate-ovate, shining, piceous, the tarsi and antennæ ferruginous; densely clothed with small pale brownish scales, the prothorax with a large patch on the disc, and the elytra with a space below the base and a broad, transverse, median fascia (extending forwards to the humeri), indeterminately darker; the upper surface set with very short, semierect, blackish and white setæ; the legs with intermixed brownish and white scales, and also setulose. Head densely punctate, the eyes rather large and prominent, separated by the width of the rostrum; rostrum stout, feebly curved, a little longer than the prothorax, rugulosely punctate, the antennæ inserted at about the middle, joint 2 of the funiculus much shorter than 1, 4–7 transverse, the club oblong-ovate. Prothorax strongly transverse, rounded at the sides, constricted and much narrowed in front, feebly sinuate at the base; densely, finely punctate. Scutellum rather large. Elytra long, a little wider than the prothorax, subparallel in their basal third; seriate-punctate, the interstices rugulose and almost flat. Beneath closely, finely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, arcuate-emarginate. Metathoracic episterna broad. Ventral segments closely, finely punctate, 2 nearly as long as 3 and 4 united. Femora unidentate.

Length $5\frac{1}{5}$, breadth $2\frac{1}{10}$ millim. (♂.)

Hab. MEXICO (*ex coll. Flohr*).

One specimen. This species has much the facies of *Collabismus notulatus*, Boh., but differs from it in the well-developed scutellum, the broad episterna, the larger and more approximate eyes, the stouter rostrum, &c. *C. collabismoides* approaches *C. erraticus*, but it is more elongate, and has the prothorax less sinuate at the base, the vestiture of the upper surface differently coloured, &c. The first ventral suture is arcuate.

110. **Cryptorrhynchus erraticus**, sp. n. (Tab. XXXIV. fig. 5, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, piceous, shining, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi ferruginous; densely clothed with small pale brown scales, the prothorax with two rather large black patches on the disc at the base, the elytra somewhat closely mottled with black or fuscous on the basal half of the disc and with a few small scattered blackish spots towards the apex; the upper surface also set with short, coarse, semierect, pallid and blackish, setiform scales. Head densely punctate, the eyes moderately distant; rostrum slightly longer than the prothorax, curved, rugulosely punctate and a little widened at the base, the apical half closely punctured in the ♂, a little smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted at (♂) or behind (♀) the middle, joint 2 of the funiculus shorter than 1, the club ovate. Prothorax strongly transverse, rounded at the sides, constricted and much narrowed in front; densely, finely punctate. Scutellum small, flattened. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, rapidly narrowing from about the middle, produced at the apex;