

138. *Cryptorrhynchus furvus*, sp. n.

Subovate, nigro-piceous, the antennæ, the apical half of the rostrum, the apices of the tibiæ, and the tarsi ferruginous; clothed with fuscous and black scales, the fuscous scales condensed into a median line on the prothorax and the black ones into irregular transverse streaks on the elytra; the upper surface also thickly set with very long, erect, fine, black and pallid setæ, the legs setose. Head rugulosely punctate, the eyes distant, rather large, in part exposed; rostrum short, stout, curved, rugulosely punctate at the base, the apical half shining and sparsely, minutely punctate, the antennæ inserted behind the middle, the club oblong-ovate, blunt at the tip. Prothorax transverse, arcuately narrowing almost from the base, densely punctate, the ocular lobes somewhat prominent. Scutellum small, oblong. Elytra rather short, subparallel in their basal third, the humeri a little swollen; shining, punctate-striate, the interstices feebly convex. Beneath opaque, closely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, arcuate-emarginate. Legs short; femora each with a small tooth; tibiæ subangulate at the base externally and straight thence to the apex.

Length  $2\frac{7}{8}$ , breadth  $1\frac{2}{5}$  millim. (♀.)

*Hab.* PANAMA, Caldera in Chiriqui (*Champion*).

One specimen. Smaller and less elongate than *C. echinatus*, the setæ finer, the antennal club oblong-ovate, the legs shorter, the tibiæ subangulate at the base, the eyes widely separated.

Species very small, oblong-ovate, sparsely squamose and strongly setose, with the rostrum short, stout, and curved, the eyes very large, coarsely-faceted, and subcontiguous, the antennal club ovate, the prothorax bisinuate at the base, the elytra wider than the prothorax, deeply punctate-striate, the mesosternum very prominent, feebly emarginate, the metathoracic episterna narrow, the ventral segment 2 nearly as long as 3 and 4 united, the legs rather slender, the femora unidentate. (No. 139.)

139. *Cryptorrhynchus porcatus*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXV. figg. 1, 1 *a*, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, shining, black, the antennæ and the tips of the tarsi ferruginous; variegated above with small patches of fulvous scales, the elytra with a few blackish scales intermixed, and also thickly set with long, suberect, black and fulvous setæ; the legs clothed with fine cinereous and fulvous scales, the tibiæ setose. Head densely punctate, the eyes very large, coarsely faceted, and subcontiguous; rostrum stout, curved, short, not longer than the prothorax, widening outwards, rugosely punctate and subcarinate at the base, sparsely punctate at the apex, a little smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted towards the base, joint 2 of the funiculus shorter than 1, the club ovate. Prothorax much broader than long, rounded at the sides, feebly constricted and much narrowed in front; densely, finely punctate. Scutellum oval. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, narrowing from a little below the base, produced at the apex; punctate-striate, the interstices rugulose or obsoletely granulate, feebly convex. Beneath dull, densely, finely punctate. Mesosternum very prominent in front, raised, feebly emarginate. Legs slender; femora finely unidentate.

Length 3-4, breadth  $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{4}{5}$  millim. (♂ ♀.)

*Hab.* PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Five specimens. In this insect the elytra have sharply-cut striæ, and the rostrum is narrowed towards the base, characters separating *C. porcatus* from many somewhat similar forms. The large, coarsely-faceted eyes distinguish it from *C. echinatus*. The elytra sometimes have a few intermixed cinereous scales.