

Species very small, oblong-ovate, squamose and strongly setose, with the eyes large and narrowly separated, the rostrum short, curved, and widened at the base, the antennal club ovate, the prothorax feebly bisinuate at the base, the scutellum small, the elytra punctate-striate, the mesosternum prominent, angularly emarginate, the metathoracic episterna moderately broad, uniseriate-punctate, the femora acutely unidentate. (No. 140.)

140. *Cryptorrhynchus humilis*, sp. n.

Oblong-ovate, rather narrow, shining, rufo-piceous, the prothorax (except in front) and under surface darker, the suture of the elytra black; clothed with pale brown scales, which become whitish on the anterior portion of the head and on the flanks of the prothorax, the upper surface and legs also set with long, fine, erect setæ. Head densely punctate, the eyes large and rather narrowly separated; rostrum short, feebly curved, moderately stout, widened and squamose at the base, finely punctate, the antennæ inserted at the middle, the club ovate. Prothorax a little broader than long, narrowed and feebly constricted in front; densely, finely punctate. Scutellum small. Elytra considerably wider than the prothorax; punctate-striate, the punctures small, the interstices feebly convex. Beneath densely, finely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, v-shaped. Legs slender; femora each with a narrow sharp tooth.

Length $2\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $1\frac{1}{5}$ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

One rather worn specimen. *C. humilis* somewhat resembles *C. echinatus*, but it has more slender setæ, larger eyes, a finely punctate prothorax, more finely punctate-striate elytra, &c. It has the general facies of *Eutinobothrus pilosellus* (Boh.).

Species very small, ovate or subovate, squamose and setose, with the rostrum curved, the eyes rather small, lateral, the antennal club ovate, the prothorax bisinuate at the base, with feebly-developed ocular lobes, the scutellum minute, the elytra a little wider than the prothorax, 10-striate, the mesosternum prominent, arcuate-emarginate, the metathoracic episterna moderately broad, the ventral segment 2 longer than 1, the legs short, the femora feebly unidentate. (Nos. 141, 142.)

141. *Cryptorrhynchus strigatus*, sp. n. (Tab. XXXV. fig. 2.)

Subovate, shining, piceous, the elytra more or less mottled with rufo-piceous, the antennæ and tarsi ferruginous; clothed with rather coarse pale brown scales, variegated above with blackish or fuscous; the upper surface also thickly set with short, coarse, erect setæ, the legs strongly setose. Head closely, rather coarsely punctate, the eyes coarsely faceted, distant; rostrum short, stout, feebly curved, rugosely punctate in the ♂, much smoother in the ♀, the antennæ inserted at or a little behind the middle, joint 2 of the funiculus shorter than 1, the club ovate. Prothorax transverse, narrowed and feebly constricted in front; densely punctate. Scutellum small. Elytra considerably wider than the prothorax, narrowing from before the middle; deeply punctate-striate, the interstices convex. Beneath densely punctate. Mesosternum prominent, v-shaped. Legs short; anterior femora obsoletely, the others acutely, unidentate.

Length $2\frac{1}{2}$ – $3\frac{1}{4}$, breadth $1\frac{1}{5}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Tapachula in Chiapas (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Teleman and Chacoj in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

Seven specimens. An obscure little species, with the vestiture of the upper surface not arranged in any definite pattern, the erect setæ coarse and numerous, the elytra