

beyond the middle, the dark subapical patch with small black scales; the vestiture of the under surface coarse and white, that of the legs also white. Eyes very narrowly separated. Rostrum rugulose, squamose, and carinate at the base, reaching to a little beyond the middle coxæ. Joint 2 of the funiculus very elongate, longer than 3 and 4 united, 3 as long as 1. Prothorax short, somewhat rounded at the sides, narrowed and constricted in front; densely, rather coarsely punctate. Elytra rounded-triangular, blunt at the apex; punctate-striate, the interstices flat and rugulose. Meso- and metasternum flattened between the middle coxæ. Legs moderately long; femora with a minute tooth beneath (sometimes almost obsolete), the intermediate and posterior pairs carinate externally, the area on the anterior pair very finely strigose; the anterior tarsi, and the inner edge of the anterior and intermediate tibiæ, clothed with very fine, long, pallid, projecting hairs in the ♂.

Length $2\frac{3}{4}$ – $3\frac{1}{10}$, breadth $1\frac{1}{2}$ – $1\frac{9}{10}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Toxpam in Vera Cruz (*Sallé*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Two specimens from each locality. This insect, like *Copturus lamprothorax*, has a metallic-blue reflection on the posterior lobe of the prothorax. The entirely pale legs and rostrum, the peculiar markings of the elytra, &c., separate *C. cæruleotinctus* from *C. confluens*. The examples with hairy legs are assumed to be males.

6. *Copturomimus asperatus*, sp. n. (Tab. IV. figg. 23; 23 a, anterior femur.)

Subovate, robust, piceous or nigro-piceous, the antennæ ferruginous; sparsely clothed with ochreous scales, those on the upper surface narrow and those on the under surface coarser, oval or rounded, the prothorax and elytra with scattered bare spaces (a subquadrate patch before the middle of the suture usually conspicuous). Eyes very narrowly separated. Rostrum rugulose punctate and carinate to about the middle, and finely punctate thence to the apex, smoother in the ♀. Joint 2 of the funiculus as long as 3–5 united. Prothorax short, rounded at the sides, constricted and narrowed in front; coarsely, rugosely punctate, and sometimes carinate. Elytra somewhat rounded at the sides, blunt at the tip; punctate-striate, the interstices almost flat, rugulose, and subgranulate. Meso- and metasternum flattened between the middle coxæ. Legs short, rather stout; femora unidentate, the posterior pair carinate externally, the area on the anterior pair oblique, concave, and rather coarsely strigose.

Length $2\frac{1}{2}$ –4, breadth $1\frac{1}{2}$ – $2\frac{1}{10}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Six specimens from Mexico, three from Panama. In this insect the vestiture is almost entirely ochreous, and more or less condensed on the elytra into scattered confluent patches, the spaces between which are almost bare; and the upper surface is rather rough, the elytral interstices being subgranulate. There is an allied unnamed form from Brazil in the Fry Collection with a smaller and differently-shaped strigose area on the anterior femora.

7. *Copturomimus sparsus*, sp. n.

Subovate, piceous, the antennæ and the apical margin of the elytra ferruginous; above and beneath sparsely clothed with narrow, hair-like, cinereous scales, which are condensed into three vittæ on the prothorax and an interrupted line on each elytral interstice, the elytra also with darker scales intermixed, these latter condensed into a transverse, subquadrate patch on the suture at one-third from the base. Eyes very large, almost contiguous. Rostrum stout, not extending beyond the middle coxæ, finely punctate, rugulose and finely carinate at the base. Joint 2 of the funiculus about as long as 3–5 united. Prothorax short, somewhat rounded at the sides, narrowed and constricted in front; densely, rather coarsely punctate and with a short median carina. Elytra punctate-striate, the interstices flat and rugulose.