

Found in profusion at Bugaba on the bark of an enormous fallen tree in a forest clearing which had been burnt to plant rice. More robust than *C. tricolor*, the markings different, the elytra subcordate, the second joint of the funiculus very elongate. *C. montezuma* differs from the S.-American *C. rubricollis*, Gyll., in having the elytra longer and laterally trifasciate, the prothorax with three narrow ochreous vittæ on the posterior lobe, the eyes less approximate; the elytral interstices convex.

16. *Copturus neohispanicus*. (Tab. V. fig. 16.)

Copturus neohispanicus, Heller, Abhandl. Mus. Dresd. no. 11, p. 33¹.

Hab. MEXICO (*Koltze*¹, in *Mus. Dresden*).

The type of this species has been communicated by Dr. Heller. It may be at once separated from the other similarly-coloured Central-American forms (*i. e.* those with the vestiture of the anterior portion of the prothorax fiery-red) by the very finely and narrowly costate elytral interstices, and the excavate anterior portion of the metasternum. The ventral segments 1 and 2 have an almost bare transverse space on each side in front. The Colombian *C. severini*, Heller (the type of which I have seen), is very like *C. neohispanicus*, and has a similarly excavate metasternum; but it is more elongate, the alternate elytral interstices are more sharply costate, and the legs are a little longer.

17. *Copturus cincticollis*, sp. n. (Tab. V. fig. 17.)

Subelliptic, black, the antennæ and the apical margin of the elytra obscure ferruginous, the vestiture close and fine: the head with a rufous line around the eyes above; the prothorax with three short whitish vittæ extending from the base to the broad carmine-red band in front, the outer one continued downwards on to the humeri and mesosternal side-pieces and connected anteriorly with the oblique white stripe running down the flanks, the intervening spaces on the posterior lobe almost bare; the elytra with a small subquadrate scutellar patch, a transverse mark below it, and the suture thence to the apex, whitish, these markings partly included within a common Y-shaped black patch extending from the shoulders to the apex, the rest of the vestiture fulvous streaked with black; the under surface white, with transverse black spaces along the sides and a small spot at the apex of the last ventral segment. Eyes subcontiguous. Rostrum rugulosely punctate and carinate at the base. Funiculus with joint 2 as long as 3-5 united. Prothorax strongly transverse, narrowing from the base; densely punctate. Elytra narrowing from a little below the base, blunt at the apex; finely punctate-striate, the interstices feebly convex, flat near the suture. Meso- and metasternum slightly depressed between the middle coxæ. Legs rather short; femora unidentate, the posterior pair with a minute additional tooth, the intermediate and posterior pairs carinate externally.

Length 3-4, breadth $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Many specimens. Smaller than *C. neohispanicus*, the elytra differently marked, their interstices not costate, the prothorax (as seen from above) with a subquadrate whitish patch at each hind angle partly enclosing a black spot, the metasternum without definite impression between the middle coxæ, the eyes more approximate.