

### 17. *Pseudobaris cylindricollis*, sp. n. (Tab. XXI. figg. 16, 16 a, ♂.)

Oblong-ovate, shining, black; the sides of the prothorax, the elytra, under surface, and legs sparsely clothed with very fine, hair-like, white scales, the elytra with a dense oblong patch of coarser scales at the base of the third interstice and various scattered long white decumbent setæ, these latter placed on the interstices 3, 5, 7, and 9 and intermixed with the uniseriately-arranged finer vestiture. Head closely, finely punctate, transversely depressed between the eyes; rostrum stout, strongly arcuate, about as long as the prothorax, closely punctate, the antennæ inserted at the middle in both sexes. Prothorax transverse, rather convex, subcylindrical, abruptly and arcuately narrowed in front; coarsely, closely punctate. Elytra considerably wider than the prothorax, gradually narrowing from the rounded humeri; deeply punctate-striate, the interstices closely and finely uniseriate-punctate, 3 widened at the base. Beneath closely punctate; first ventral segment slightly depressed along the middle in the ♂. Prosternal sulcus deep, straight. Anterior femora with a short tooth.

Length  $2-2\frac{3}{5}$ , breadth  $\frac{7}{8}-1\frac{1}{8}$  millim. (♂ ♀.)

*Hab.* MEXICO (*Truqui*, in *Mus. Brit.*), Toxpam (*Sallé*), Chilpancingo (*H. H. Smith*), Puente de Ixtla (*Wickham*); GUATEMALA, Guatemala city (*Salvin*, *Champion*), San Joaquin, San Gerónimo (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Managua, Corinto (*Solari*); COSTA RICA, Patarra 1300 metres (*Biolley*).

Found in abundance at Guatemala city. A small narrow form\* nearly related to the N.-American *P. nigrina* (Say), but with a subcylindrical, more coarsely and less densely punctured prothorax, &c. The finer vestiture is soon abraded, but the long scattered setæ and the white basal spot on the elytra are always conspicuous. The sexes are scarcely distinguishable, except by the form of the pygidium. The smaller specimens superficially resemble the N.-American *Plesiobaris disjuncta*.

### 18. *Pseudobaris nævius*, sp. n.

♂. Oblong-ovate, rather convex, shining, black; the elytra with a few scattered long, coarse, decumbent white setæ on the alternate interstices 3, 5, 7, and 9, the third with a small patch of narrow whitish scales at the base, the punctures on the under surface and legs each bearing a minute scale. Head sparsely, minutely punctate, transversely grooved between the eyes; rostrum strongly arcuate, stout, nearly as long as the head and prothorax, closely strigoso-punctate, the antennæ inserted at the middle. Prothorax transverse, strongly constricted in front, the sides rounded anteriorly and parallel at the base; sparsely punctate, except along the smooth median line. Elytra slightly wider than the prothorax, depressed along the suture anteriorly, the humeri not prominent; finely punctate-striate, the interstices broad, flat, narrowly costate at the apex, each with a row of scattered very minute punctures, the third widened at the base. Pygidium large, convex. Beneath sparsely, the abdomen very finely, punctate; first ventral segment deeply sulcate. Prosternum deeply sulcate from the apex to the base. Legs short; femora stout, feebly dentate; anterior tibiæ strongly, the others more feebly, unguiculate.

Length  $2\frac{1}{2}$ , breadth  $1\frac{1}{10}$  millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Tamahu in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

One somewhat abraded male. A small black form superficially resembling *P. callosipennis*, with rounded apices to the elytra, a stouter rostrum, a longer and deeper prosternal sulcus, stouter and feebly dentate femora, &c., the first ventral segment (♂) deeply sulcate. Smoother than *P. cylindricollis*, the elytra finely striate, &c.

\* The insect is a little narrower than represented on the Plate.