

24. **Pseudobaris senescens.** (Tab. XXI. figg. 20, 20 a, ♀.)

Baridius senescens, Boh. in Schönh. Gen. Curc. viii. 1, p. 136¹.

Baridius brevis, Sturm, in litt.².

Hab. MEXICO¹ (*Sturm, in coll. Sallé; Mus. Brit.*), Guanajuato, Juquila (*Sallé*), Chilpancingo (*Höge, H. H. Smith*), Xucumanatlan (*H. H. Smith*), Cerro de Plumas (*Höge*); NICARAGUA, Momotombo (*ex Wickham*).

I have seen thirteen specimens of this species, including the type, all but one being from Mexico. It is an oblong, shining, black or æneous form, with numerous rather coarse, decumbent, whitish setæ on the elytra, in addition to the white spot at the base. The elytral interstices are less coarsely and more sparsely punctured than in *P. cribripennis*, the second and third relatively wider and with an irregular double series of impressions. The rostrum is very stout, arcuate, and about as long as the head and prothorax in both sexes. The prosternal sulcus is straight, shallow, and margined at the sides.

25. **Pseudobaris binotata**, sp. n. (Tab. XXI. figg. 21, 21 a, ♀.)

Oblong-ovate, convex, shining, black; the elytra with a dense oval patch of narrow white scales at the base of the third interstice and several widely scattered decumbent white setæ along the interstices 3, 5, 7, and 9; the punctures of the under surface and legs each bearing a small white hair-like scale. Head closely punctate, transversely depressed between the eyes; rostrum stout, arcuate, a little longer than the prothorax, closely punctate, smoother towards the apex in the ♀, the antennæ inserted at the middle. Prothorax transverse, rounded at the sides anteriorly, feebly constricted in front; coarsely, closely punctate. Elytra rather short, narrowly punctate-striate, the interstices broad, flat, subcostate at the apex, each with a closely-packed row of moderately coarse transverse punctures, 3 widened at the base. Beneath closely punctate. Prosternal sulcus deep, straight. Femora unarmed.

Length $2\frac{1}{2}$ –3, breadth $1\frac{1}{10}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Cahabon in Vera Paz (*Champion: ♂ ♀*); PANAMA, Taboga I. (*Champion: ♀*)

Three specimens. Very like the smaller specimens of *P. cribripennis*, but more convex, the white patch at the base of the third interstice larger, the scattered setæ on the alternate interstices finer and less elongate. More convex than *P. cylindricollis*, the prothorax arcuately narrowing from near the base, the anterior femora unarmed.

26. **Pseudobaris cribripennis.**

Pseudobaris cribripennis, Solari, Ann. Mus. Genova, xlii. p. 435 (1906)¹.

Hab. MEXICO (*Truqui, in Mus. Brit.*), Milpas in Durango (*Forrer*), Sierra de Durango (*Höge, in coll. Solari*), Durango city, Tacambaro, Tehuantepec (*Höge*), Ventanas (*Forrer, Höge*), Gonzales (*Wickham*), Chilpancingo, Soledad (*H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA, Santa Rosa, San Gerónimo, Dueñas (*Champion*), Yzabal (*Sallé*), Guatemala city (*Salvin*); NICARAGUA, Managua (*Solari*¹).