

- b*⁴. Scutellum oblong, narrowed posteriorly; elytral interstices broad and minutely uniseriate-punctate; body æneo-piceous Species 31.
- d*². Prosternum sulcate; prothorax abruptly tubulate in front; elytral interstices each with a scattered row of fine, slender setæ; frontal groove deep; body black; length 3-4 $\frac{1}{4}$ mm.
- c*³. Rostrum arcuate above and concave beneath; scutellum small, subtriangular; prosternal sulcus shallow Species 32.
- d*³. Rostrum arcuate above and broadly flattened beneath; scutellum larger; prosternal sulcus deep Species 33.
- d*¹. Tarsal claws small; pygidium very short, vertical; frontal depression shallow; prosternum unimpressed; elytra costate at the apex; body oblong, polished, rufescent; length 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ mm. . . . Species 34.

1. *Baris ingens*. (Tab. XXII. figg. 9, 9 *a*, ♂.)

Baris ingens, Casey, Ann. N. York Acad. Sci. vi. pp. 471, 476¹.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA, Arizona¹.—MEXICO (*Mus. Brit.*), Northern Sonora (*Morrison*), Ciudad and Ventanas in Durango (*Höge*), Yolotepec in Oaxaca (*Sallé*).

This is the largest of the N.-American species of *Baris*, and like some of its allies extends southward into Mexico or Guatemala. It is probably a large form of *B. striata*, with the vestiture of the elytra, pygidium, and under surface a little longer and more abundant. In some of the Mexican specimens the second and third elytral interstices are more or less biseriate-punctate.

2. *Baris striata*.

Baridius striatus, Say, Descr. N. Am. Curc. p. 17 (July 1831)¹; Complete Writings, i. p. 281².

Baris striata, Lec. Proc. Am. Phil. Soc. vi. p. 291³; Casey, Ann. N. York Acad. Sci. vi. pp. 471, 477⁴.

Baridius mexicanus, Sturm, in litt.⁵.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA^{1 2 4}, Michigan to Arizona³.—MEXICO⁵ (*Mus. Brit.*), Omilteme in Guerrero 8000 feet (*H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA, Dueñas (*Champion*).

The seven specimens from Mexico referred to this species are very like *B. strenua*, but they have the prothorax less rounded at the sides and a little narrower, the elytra somewhat longer, and the vestiture of the latter and of the under surface sparser and finer. The punctures on the prothorax are large and here and there confluent. In both insects the coarse seriate punctures on the elytra are so closely placed as to make the lateral portions of the interstices appear subcostate.

3. *Baris strenua*. (Tab. XXII. figg. 10, 10 *a*, ♂.)

Baridius strenuus, Lec. Proc. Acad. Phil. 1868, p. 363¹.

Baris strenua, Lec. Proc. Am. Phil. Soc. xv. p. 290²; Casey, Ann. N. York Acad. Sci. vi. pp. 472, 480³.

Baridius punctatissimus, Dugès, in litt.⁴.