

the second and third striæ distinctly punctate, the more external parts very coarsely punctate in series, and with only small intervals between the punctures; the yellow marks are very conspicuous, the third interstice being yellow in greater part, there being, however, a long interruption on the middle; the fourth interstice has on the middle a yellow mark, which joins and overlaps the interrupted extremities of the mark on the third interstice; the apices of the elytra are nearly straight, truncate, but the angles are slightly prominent. The legs are long and slender, red, the tips of the femora black. The underside of the head and metarostrum dull and free from sculpture, the basal fovea being very conspicuous.

Ten specimens.

The more elongate rostrum of the male and the more conical head less abruptly constricted behind make it very doubtful whether *E. elegans* can remain associated with *E. rugicollis* and its allies.

9. *Episphales championi*, sp. n.

Ferrugineus, capite thoraceque opacis; elytris flavo-lineatis, externe fortiter punctatis. Long. 13 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Calderas 6000 feet (*Champion*).

This is very closely allied to *E. elegans*, but is a more slender insect, with thin antennæ, and much less coarse punctuation on the outer part of the elytra. In the male the sculpture of the prorostrum is obsolete. Though in other respects similar to *E. elegans*, I think it is specifically distinct therefrom, especially as the three male examples agree almost exactly.

PHYMECHUS.

Phymechus, Senna, Notes Leyd. Mus. xvi. p. 219 (1895).

This genus consists of a single species.

1. *Phymechus jordani*.

Phymechus jordani, Senna, Notes Leyd. Mus. xvi. p. 220¹.

Hab. MEXICO, Oaxaca (*mus. Rothschild*¹).

I am indebted to the Hon. Walter Rothschild for the opportunity of examining this species, of which we have no specimen in our collections.

TMETOGONUS.

Tmetogonus, Senna, Notes Leyden Mus. xvi. p. 224 (1895).

This is another of the genera recently established by Senna for insects closely allied to *Episphales* and *Orychodes*. I do not think the length of the head of much importance as a generic character; it is, at any rate, not so in *Arrhenodes*. It is rather