

Prorostrum of male not armed above with any definite prominences, and with only obscure traces of divergent carinæ; metarostrum sulcate; head rather long and narrow; antennæ moderately long. Thorax highly polished; not at all flat, moderately large, without rugæ or sculpture. Elytra with three rather deep striæ having scarcely any trace of sculpture next the suture, outside this with a fourth stria, which is quite shallow in the middle, and there very distinctly punctate, outside this with another groove still more broadly interrupted in the middle; marked with yellow longitudinally, in a somewhat vague and apparently variable manner; without any trace of tooth at the apex. Base of the abdomen of the male extremely slightly depressed along the middle. Under surface of the metarostrum with a few serial foveoles in each sex.

We have received one example only from each locality. They indicate that this very obscure species is more than usually variable. The resemblance to *Rhaphi-rhynchus* in the male rostrum and form of the antennæ is quite evident, though the general facies is more that of some of the "Brenthides vrais" than is the case with *A. auratus*.

4. *Abrentodes sulcipennis*, sp. n. (Tab. II. fig. 16, ♀.)

Nitidus, niger, prothorace vix subænescente; elytris flavo-lineatis, multisulcatis, sulcis haud perspicue punctatis.

Long. 8-15 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Cerro Zunil (*Champion*).

Antennæ rather short, the outer half or more well set with setæ. Prorostrum very polished, rather stout, quite straight; metarostrum and head highly polished, the former quite short, with a deep depression. Thorax rather short and broad, much rounded at the sides, very highly polished. Elytra with numerous deep and regular striæ, which are not distinctly punctate, though, viewed a little obliquely laterally, the interstices are seen to be crenate; they are marked with elongate yellow marks, the interstices on which these are placed being considerably broader than the others; the third interstice is yellow for only one-third or less of the length, the part so coloured being that before the apex; the fourth interstice is yellow from the base to beyond the middle, where it forms a splice, or overlap, with the yellow of the third interstice; the fifth interstice is yellow only at the basal margin, the eighth has a long streak from the shoulder to behind the middle, and there is a very short yellow mark on the seventh just where the yellow of the eighth interstice ends. Apex of metasternum with a well-marked round fovea. Underside of the head and metarostrum with a few large foveoles.

Three specimens.

Although similar to *A. pusillus*, this species may be readily distinguished by the sculpture of the elytra. The prorostrum in the male is short, and has a few minute asperities on each side on the upper surface.