

4. *Ischnocerus metallicus*, sp. n. (Tab. X. fig. 8.)

♂ ♀. Upperside clothed with an almost uniformly cinnamon pubescence, underside slightly more whitish, pubescence of tubercles partly brown, especially on anterior side of the same; derm of elytra metallic bluish-green.

Rostrum short, not longer than apically broad, somewhat flattened, longitudinally rugate. Pronotum coarsely and rugosely punctured, with a discal impression divided by a mesial elevation raised to a black-pencilled median tubercle; carina not angulate in middle, curved obliquely forward at sides, the sublateral portion slightly flexuose, not forming a distinct angle with the dorsal carina. Elytra with rows of very large punctures; four tubercles in third interspace, first very large, high, not divided, extending from the scutellar row of punctures to the fourth row, second larger than in the allied species, conical, the third interspace here widened, third tubercle rather farther away from apex than usual in this genus, large and high, the third interspace being here widened and the others correspondingly constricted, the fourth tubercle smaller than the second; fifth interspace with three tubercles, the first small, standing behind the large basal one, the second also small, placed in front of the third interspace, the third subapical, larger than the corresponding one of the third space, at the side of which tubercle it stands; seventh interspace cariniform or tuberculate in front of apical declivity: these tubercles not so strongly tufted as in *I. infuscatus*.

Length 4-7 millim.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*); PANAMA, Bugaba [type], Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

A small series.

5. *Ischnocerus championi*, sp. n. (Tab. X. fig. 9.)

♂ ♀. Upperside clay-colour, underside slightly more grey; tip of pronotal tubercle and frontal sides of elytral tubercles blackish-brown, sutural interspace and alternate lateral ones more or less tessellated with blackish-brown, partly greyish, or all the alternate spaces greyer than the others; pronotum with three irregular more densely pubescent lines.

Rostrum short, a little narrower than in *I. metallicus*. Pronotum hardly with a trace of an impression, rugate-subpunctate, sides somewhat rounded before middle; carina nearly straight above, oblique, lateral portion also nearly straight, forming an obtuse angle with the dorsal carina, the tip of the angle rounded off. Elytra punctate-striate, the stripes of punctures distinctly impressed, sutural area not depressed on back, only feebly so on apical declivity, the elytra being much more evenly convex than in all the preceding species; basal tubercle extending from scutellar row of punctures to third stripe, divided at the second stripe, third interspace with two more tubercles, one before middle, the other before apical declivity, both small, besides a vestigial subapical tubercle; fifth interspace with four small black or brown tubercles or traces of them; seventh and ninth interspaces subtuberculate before apex.

Length $5\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. BRITISH HONDURAS (*Blancaneaux*); GUATEMALA, Las Mercedes, Pantaleon, Zapote [type] (*Champion*), Panzos in Vera Paz (*Conradt*); PANAMA, Caldera (*Champion*).

6. *Ischnocerus griseatus*, sp. n. (Tab. X. fig. 10.)

♂ ♀. Pubescence creamy-buff; a patch in the middle of each elytron black, occupying the third, fourth, and fifth interspaces, some specks behind it also black; shaft of antenna and the legs slightly rufescent, much darker than in the other species of the genus.

No tubercles on the thorax and elytra. Rostrum short. Eye less oblong than in the allied forms. Pronotum not impressed, sides hardly rounded between carina and apex; carina straight above, flexed forward laterally, with the angle strongly rounded. Elytra slightly depressed at suture, more so than in