

pubescent white, 8 is gradually dilated towards apex, being nearly as wide at apex as segment 9; the tibiae are not hooked at apex in this sex.

Hab. MEXICO, Sierra de Durango (*Mus. Tring*), Toxpam (*Sallé*); BRITISH HONDURAS (*Blancaneaux*).

Two females only.

2. *Eucyclotropis barynotus*, sp. n. (Tab. X. fig. 18.)

♀. Black, covered with a greyish clay-coloured pubescence above, dotted with black-brown in the sutural and alternate interspaces of the elytron; shaft of antenna and tarsi rufous, the latter and antennal segments 7 and 8 pubescent white; pubescence of underside sparse, in speckles.

Rostrum half as broad again as long, flat, feebly depressed transversely at base, with a naked mesial line. Frons densely rugulose. Eye somewhat oblique, direction of the long axis crossing rostrum. Antenna reaching to base of prothorax; segment 3 twice as long as 2, longer than 4, 8 hardly half as long again as apically broad, 10 twice as broad as long; 11 rufescent.

Prothorax strongly convex, a little wider at base than at apex, side rounded from carina to apex. Elytra truncate at base, not emarginate, shoulder-angles not projecting, sides parallel from base to beyond middle, then rounded; dorsum convex, suture not much depressed, alternate interspaces all somewhat convex, especially the third; a rounded prominent basal gibbosity.

Anterior coxae not close together. Mesosternal process feebly tuberculate at apex. Intercostal projection of first abdominal segment very broad, margined at sides. First fore tarsal segment a little longer than the fore tibia is broad near apex, shorter than the claw-segment.

Length 8 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Toxpam (*Sallé*).

One female.

3. *Eucyclotropis gibbosus*, sp. n. (Tab. X. figg. 19, 19 a.)

♂. Black, irrorated with clay-colour above, with grey beneath, legs more uniformly pubescent grey, elytron tessellated with black-brown.

Rostrum twice as broad as long, upperside flat, on a level with frons, densely rugulose like head. Eye round. Antenna reaching to base of elytron; segment 3 less than twice the length of 2, a little longer than 4; 8 more than twice as long as apically broad, very much narrower than 9; 11 a little broader than long, rounded.

Prothorax longer than broad, widest at carina, strongly convex, with indication of a central gibbosity. Elytra peculiar in shape, emarginate at base, gradually and strongly elevate from base to middle, then gradually rounded-declivous, appearing subglobular, apart from base; regularly punctate-striate, the interspaces slightly convex, alternate ones a little more raised and more obviously chequered brown and luteous. Fore and mid tibiae with acute hook at apex.

Length $7\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

One male.

VI. BREVIBARRA, gen. nov.

♂ ♀. Rostrum short, flat, feebly emarginate at apex, not spatulate, not carinate. Mandible obtuse at apex; labium shallowly emarginate, depressed; penultimate segment of maxillary palpus not longer than broad; lobes of false mentum obtuse. Antennal groove triangular, curved, its upper edge cariniform and nearly extending to eye. Antenna reaching the base of prothorax, bearing some moderately long