

The genus is very abundantly represented in America, only a few species occurring in the Old World, and these may ultimately have to be removed generically from typical *Euparius*.

Key to the Central-American Species.

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| a. Mesosternal process strongly tuberculate, the tubercle projecting forward | b. |
| Mesosternal process simply convex or flat or slightly concave | c. |
| b. Pronotum with 3 black spots laterally | Species No. 1. |
| Pronotum with 2 or 4 black spots laterally | Species No. 2. |
| c. End-segment of antenna pale luteous | d. |
| End-segment of antenna not pale luteous, hardly paler on upperside than segments 9 and 10. | l. |
| d. Pronotum gibbous in centre | Species No. 3. |
| Pronotum not gibbous in centre. | e. |
| e. Tarsi pale rufous. | Species No. 11. |
| At least the second tarsal segment brown or black | f. |
| f. First tarsal segment and middle of tibia bright ochraceous | Species No. 10. |
| First tarsal segment and middle of tibia more or less whitish-grey | g. |
| g. Eye with small sinus | Species No. 5. |
| Eye truncate in front | h. |
| h. Angle of pronotal carina acute, the basal angle of the pronotum very distinctly produced laterad | i. |
| Angle of carina 90°, with the tip rounded off, basal angle of pronotum not, or very feebly, projecting sideways | j. |
| i. Alternate interspaces of elytron conspicuously tessellated | Species No. 4. |
| Only the sutural interspace distinctly tessellated | Species No. 8. |
| j. First and second segments of hind tarsus greyish-white above | k. |
| Second hind-tarsal segment black or brown, tibiae for the greater part black | Species No. 9. |
| k. Mesial depression of pronotum extending close to apex | Species No. 6. |
| Pronotum depressed posteriorly, abdomen with lateral spots of denser pubescence | Species No. 7. |
| l. Angle of pronotal carina acute, disc of pronotum with sharply-defined black triangular area | Species No. 12. |
| Angle of carina not acute; antenna quite black; elytra with large white sutural area | Species No. 14. |
| Angle of carina not acute; shaft of antenna rufous; elytra with small white speckles | Species No. 13. |

1. *Euparius tapirus*.

Cratoparis tapirus, Labram and Imhoff, Gen. Curc. i. no. 57 (1842)¹; Gemm. & Har. Cat. Col. ix. p. 2746 (1872)².

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt, Janson*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).—SOUTH AMERICA, Cayenne^{1 2}.